

Second Quarter 2009 Results

July 31st, 2009

Coca-Cola West Company Limted (2579)

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- II. 1H (Jan-Jun) Results
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Summary

2Q / 1H results

> Sales volume

2Q: -0.4% (vs. plan), -1.0% (vs. last year)

1H: -0.2% (vs. plan), -2.2% (vs. last year)

[Main factor for decrease]

Not reviving consumption yet, sales were almost as planned

Financial results: Operating income was ahead of the forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

2H plan / Full-year plan

[Earning forecast]

We do not change earning forecasts of 2H and full-year which announced as of May 1, 2009

➤ Revenues (full-year) : 387,200 million yen

➤ Operating income (full-year): 6,500 million yen

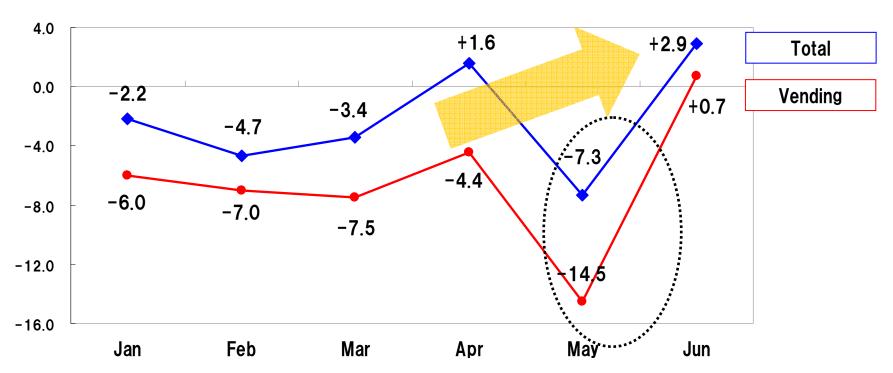
I. 2Q Results

Sales volume

	2Q 2009		n *1	vs. last year ∗2	
(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
Sales volume	46,781	-175	-0.4	-455	-1.0

^{*1} The plan is based on the performance forecast announced as of May 1, 2009.

Monthly Sales Volume (YOY)



^{*2} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

Sales volume by Brand

		2Q 2009	vs. plan *1		vs. last year*2	
	(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
	Coca-Cola	3,509	+50	+1.4	+187	+5.6
	Coca-Cola Zero	1,576	+347	+28.2	+576	+57.6
B I	Fanta	2,604	-193	-6.9	-168	-6.1
G	Georgia	9,755	-603	-5.8	-570	-5.5
6	Sokenbicha	3,657	+138	+3.9	+146	+4.1
	Aquarius	4,990	+51	+1.0	+51	+1.0
	sub-total	26,091	-210	-0.8	+221	+0.9
Oth	er	20,690	+34	+0.2	-677	-3.2
Total		46,781	-175	-0.4	-455	-1.0

^{*1} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

*2 Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

■Coca-Cola

achieved steady growth of +5.6%.

■Coca-Cola Zero

continued to grow strongly supported by "wild health" campaign as well as "J-league" promotion.

Fanta

decreased -6.1%.

Georgia

decreased -5.5% impacted on the economic slowdown.

Sokenbicha

turned around led by the full-scale renewal in Apr.

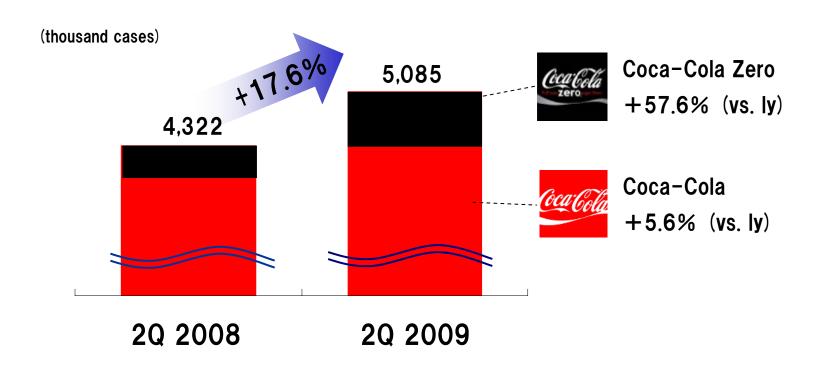
Aquarius

increased +1.0% driven by "Aquarius Zero" launch.

Brand - Big 6 "Coca-Cola", "Coca-Cola Zero"

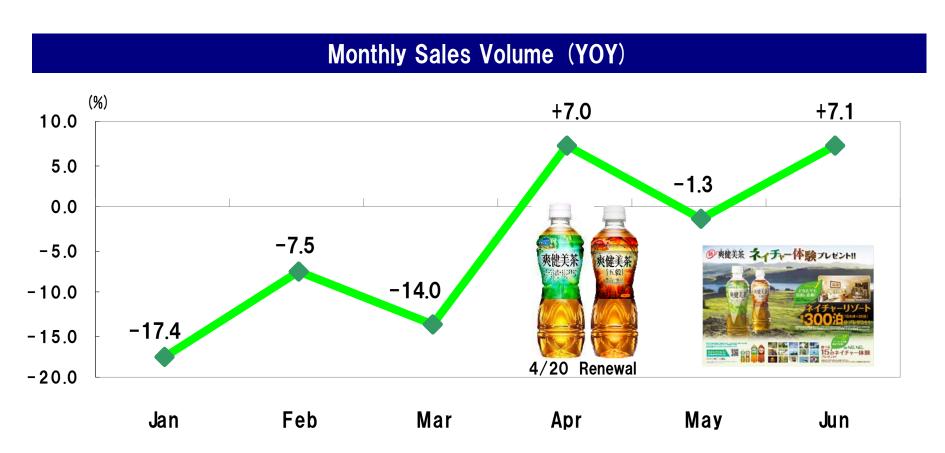
- Changing consumer taste to zero-calorie, sales of Coca-Cola Zero do well. Sales of Coca-Cola grew by synergy effects.
 - > Coca-Cola Zero: +28.2% (vs. plan), +57.6% (vs. ly)
 - > Coca-Cola: +1.4% (vs. plan), +5.6% (vs. ly)
- Coca-Cola & Coca-Cola Zero sales have grown since July 2007.

Sales volume of Coca-Cola & Coca-Cola Zero



Brand - Big 6 "Sokenbicha"

- ■Sales were boosted by Sokenbicha, which went on sale in a redesigned form in April and launched seasonable flavor "Gokoku".
 - > Sales volume: +3.9% (vs. plan), +4.1% (vs. ly)

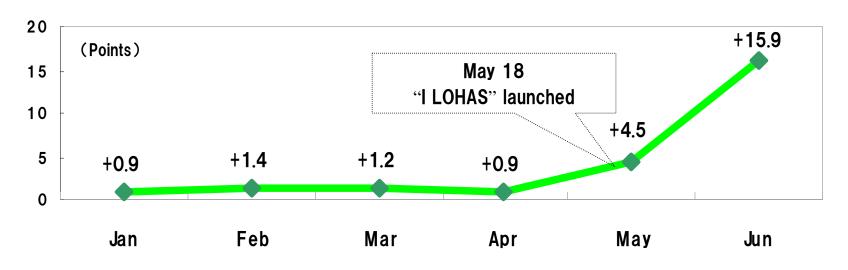


Brand - New product "I LOHAS"

■ Launched "I LOHAS" on May 18, sales do well, especially in CVS



CVS market share of water (YOY)



Source: Intage

Sales volume by Channel

		2Q 2009	vs. pla	an ^{*1}	vs. last	year ^{*2}
	(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
	Supermarket *3	12,994	+380	+3.0	+1,212	+10.3
Chain store	cvs	4,525	-213	-4.5	-89	-1.9
	sub-total	17,519	+167	+1.0	+1,123	+6.8
Vending		15,664	-293	-1.8	-1,029	-6.2
Retail		3,594	-207	-5.4	-300	-7.7
Food service		4,534	+3	+0.1	-21	-0.5
Other		5,470	+154	+2.9	-227	-4.0
Total		46,781	-175	-0.4	-455	-1.0

^{*1} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

Chain store

Good sales in supermarket, especially drug store and discount store.

Supermarket gained market share.

CVS

CVS gained market share because of good sales of "I LOHAS".

Vending

VPM declined because of unfavorable weather and channel shift, from vending to chain store. Number of VMs also decreased.

Retail/Food service

Shrinking of retail market continued.

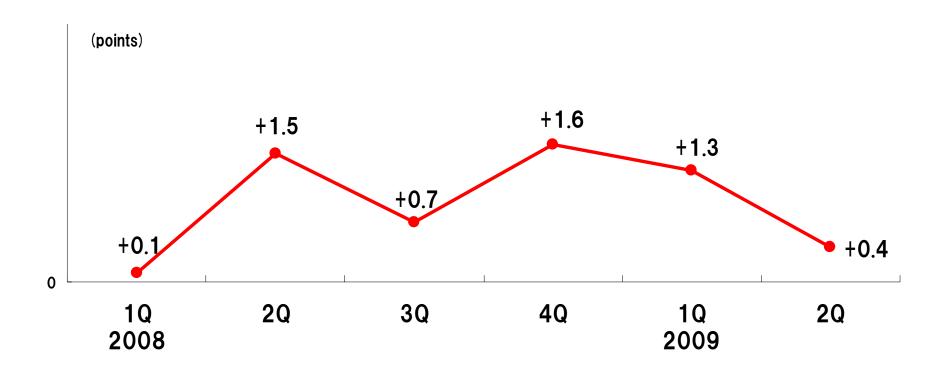
^{*2} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

^{*3} Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center

Channel - Market share in supermarket

➤ Market share in supermarket has grown up since 1Q 2008.

Supermarket market share (YOY)



Source: Intage

Channel - Vending

- Sales conditions by vending location type (vs. last year)
 - > Sales have been recovered totally with up-sizing activities.
 - Sales in May declined due to the unfavorable weather and impact on the influenza going around the western Japan.

		vs. last year (%)						
Туре	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	1H	
Occupational field (office, etc)	-4.4	-4.3	-4.3	-4.4	-14.9	+0.6	-5.4	
Occupational field (factory, etc)	-9.0	-13.1	-14.8	-14.1	-22.5	-8.2	-13.7	
Large scale retail store	-10.9	-6.5	-7.0	-7.8	-14.4	+1.2	-7.8	
Traffic	-6.9	-5.8	-3.2	-5.7	-14.9	-0.4	-6.3	
School	-2.9	-0.6	-1.5	+2.3	-22.9	+9.9	-3.1	
Amusement facility	-9.8	-3.5	-5.3	-1.7	-11.0	+1.0	-5.4	
Pachinko	-6.2	-4.2	-5.7	-3.9	-4.8	-2.6	-4.6	
Sports facility	-5.9	+5.2	-3.4	-0.3	-8.8	+6.5	-1.4	
Hospital	-2.3	-3.3	-3.5	-1.2	-11.5	+1.2	-3.5	
Other (in-door)	-9.1	-10.3	-9.8	-7.9	-15.5	-2.3	-9.2	
Out-door	-8.0	-2.2	-7.2	-7.7	-18.1	+0.5	-7.4	
Total	-7.5	-4.8	-6.9	-6.7	-15.6	-0.4	-7.1	

Sales volume by channel / package

				(thou	sand cases, %)
■Chain store	2Q 2009	vs. plan*1		vs. last year*2	
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	8,226	+208	+2.6	+813	+11.0
Small PET (~1.0L)	4,940	+188	+4.0	+490	+11.0
Can	3,956	-187	-4.5	-184	-4.5
Other	397	-42	-9.6	+4	+1.0
Total	17,519	+167	+1.0	+1,123	+6.8

				(thou	sand cases, %)
■ Vending	2Q 2009	vs. plan ^{*1}		vs. last year*2	
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	130	+96	+283.8	-1	-1.0
Small PET (~1.0L)	3,824	-92	-2.4	-208	-5.2
Can	9,492	-243	-2.5	-299	-3.0
Syrup, powder	1,812	-95	-5.0	-216	-10.6
Other	405	+41	+11.3	-306	-43.1
Total	15,664	-293	-1.8	-1,029	-6.2

(thousand cases, 9							
■Retail / Food service	2Q 2009	vs. r	vs. plan*1 vs. last yea		year*2		
	actual	change	%	change	%		
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	747	-14	-1.8	+34	+4.8		
Small PET (~1.0L)	1,267	-40	-3.1	-49	-3.7		
Can	1,057	-85	-7.4	-216	-17.0		
Syrup, powder	4,515	-11	-0.2	-41	-0.9		
Other	541	-54	-9.1	-50	-8.5		
Total	8,128	-204	-2.4	-321	-3.8		

^{*1} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

^{*2} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

2Q Results

(thousand cases, million yen,%)

	2Q 2009 actual
Sales volume	46,781
Revenues	97,235
Gross profit	43,588
Operating income	2,395
Recurring income	2,669
Net income	1,245

2Q 2009	vs. plan		
planl*1	change	%	
46,956	-175	-0.4	
98,200	-965	-1.0	
44.000	-412	-0.9	
1,500	+895	+59.7	
1,700	+969	+57.0	
600	+645	+107.5	

2Q 2008	vs. last year			
actual*2	change	%		
47,236	-455	-1.0		
100,274	-3,039	-3.0		
41,746	+1,842	+4.4		
2,900	-504	-17.4		
3,400	-730	-21.5		
245	+999	+407.4		

^{*1} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

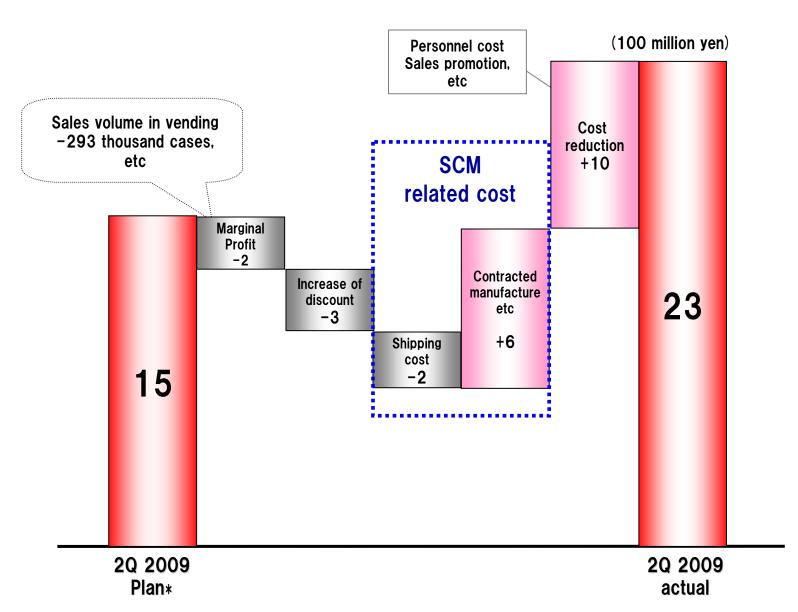
^{*2} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

2Q Results - Change factors (vs. plan)

	2Q 2009	2Q 2009	ah an ga		(100 million yen)
	plan∗	actual	change	Main factors for increase/decrease	change
Revenues	982	972	-9	 Impact on decrease of sales volume Sales to other bottlers 	-9.4 -0.2
Gross profit	440	435	-4	 Impact on decrease of sales volume Sales to other bottlers 	-4.9 +0.6
Operating income	15	23	+8	Change of SG&A • Decrease in personnel cost • Decrease of advertising cost	+9.3 +1.3
Recurring income	17	26	+9		
Net income	6	12	+6	Extraordinary lossesIncome taxes	-0.9 -2.7

^{*} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

2Q Results - Operating income change factors (vs. plan)

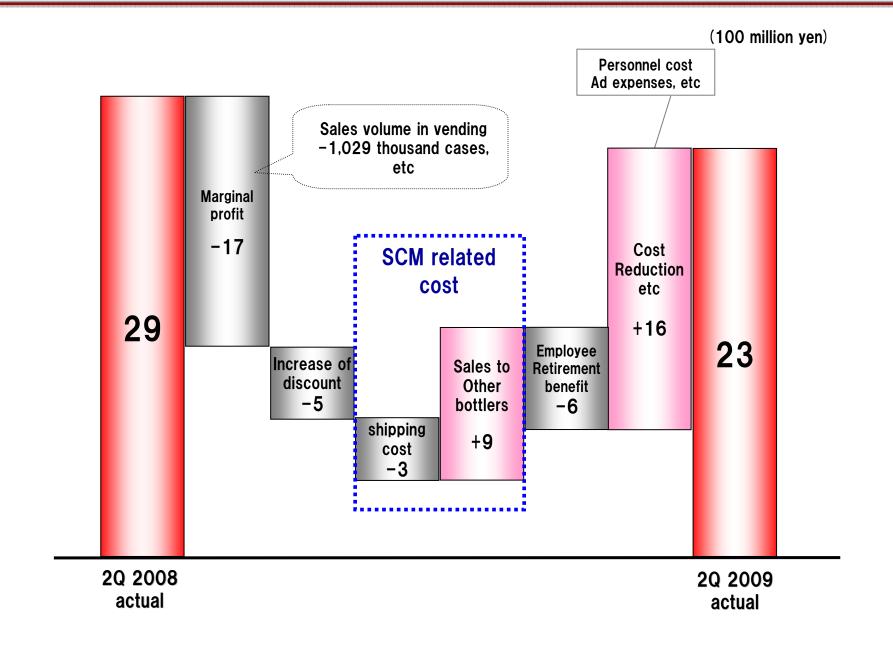


^{*} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

2Q Results - Change factors (vs. last year)

	2Q 2008	2Q 2009	ohongo	(100 million yen)
	actual	actual	change	Main factors for increase/decrease	change
				∙Impact on reform of SCM system	-73.9
Dovonuos	1 002	072	_20	•Impact on decrease of sales volume	-36.4
Revenues	1,002	972	-30	Sales to other bottlers	+77.3
				•Impact from subsidiary companies	+2.6
				•Impact on reform of SCM system	+32.6
Cross profit	417	125	+18	•Impact on decrease of sales volume	-23.5
Gross profit	417	435	T 10	Sales to other bottlers	+8.6
				•Impact from subsidiary companies	+0.6
				Increase/decrease of SG&A	
				 Impact on reform of SCM system 	-32.6
Operating	29	23	-5	 Increase of employee retirement benefit 	-5.6
income	29	23	-3	Decrease of personnel cost	+7.5
				 Decrease of advertising cost 	+3.3
				Decrease of fuel cost	+1.5
Recurring income	34	26	-7		
				·Change of extraordinary income	-3.8
Net income	2	12	+10	·Change of extraordinary losses	+8.0
				•Income taxes	+13.0

2Q Results - Operating income change factors (vs. last year)



II. 1H Results

Sales volume

	1H 2009	vs. pla	an ^{*1}	vs. last	year *2
(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
Sales volume	84,797	-175	-0.2	-1,865	-2.2

Sales by brand

		1H 2009	vs. p	lan ^{* 1}	vs. last	year*2
	(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
	Coca-Cola	6,035	+50	+0.8	+356	+6.3
_	Coca-Cola Zero	2,568	+347	+15.6	+919	+55.7
B	Fanta	4,229	-193	-4.4	+48	+1.1
g	Georgia	20,225	-605	-2.9	-923	-4.4
6	Sokenbicha	6,063	+138	+2.3	-213	-3.4
	Aquarius	7,581	+51	+0.7	-172	-2.2
	Subtotal	46,701	-212	-0.5	+15	+0.0
Oth	er	38,096	+36	+0.1	-1,880	-4.7
	Total	84,797	-175	-0.2	-1,865	-2.2

Sales by channel

		1H 2009	1H 2009 vs. plan*1		vs. last year*2	
(thousand cases, %)		actual	change	%	change	%
	Supermarket*3	21,500	+380	+1.8	+1,632	+8.2
	cvs	8,829	-213	-2.4	-9	-0.1
Ch	ain store	30,329	+167	+0.6	+1,624	+5.7
Ve	nding	29,583	-293	-1.0	-2,042	-6.5
Re	tail	6,253	-207	-3.2	-645	-9.4
Fo	od service	8,476	+3	+0.0	-0	-0.0
Ot	her	10,157	+154	+1.5	-801	-7.3
	Total	84,797	-175	-0.2	-1,865	-2.2

- *1 The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009
- *2 Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.
- *3 Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center

1H Results

(thousand cases, million yen,%)

	1H 2009 actual
Sales volume _{*2}	84,797
Revenues	177,188
Gross profit	78,965
Operating income	-1,346
Recurring income	-1,114
Net income	-1,708

1H 2009	vs. p	lan
Plan*1	change	%
84,973	-175	-0.2
178,200	-1,011	-0.6
79,400	-434	-0.5
-2,200	+853	ı
-2,100	+985	-
-2,300	+591	-

1H 2008	vs. last year		
actual	change	%	
86,662	-1,865	-2.2	
188,570	-11,382	-6.0	
79,398	-433	-0.5	
3,142	-4,489	1	
3,776	-4,891	-	
433	-2,142	1	

^{*1} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

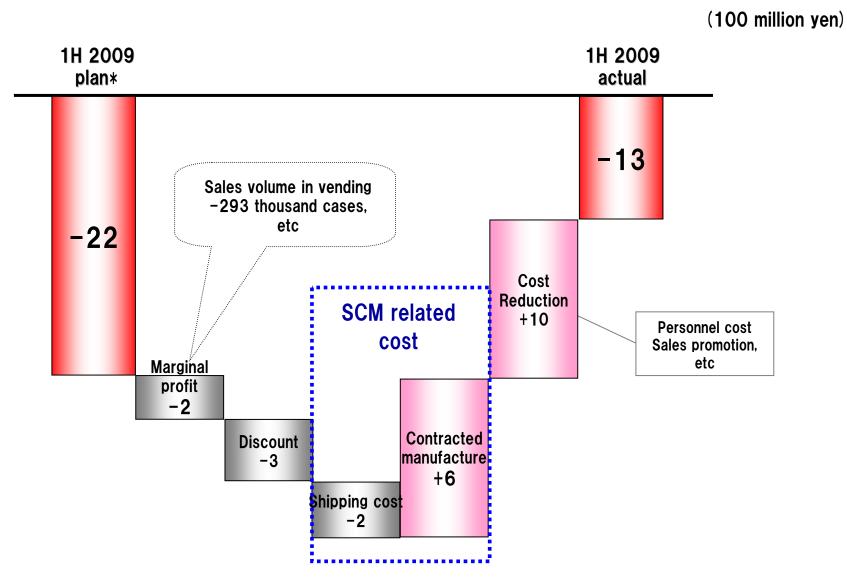
^{*2} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

1H Results - Change factors (vs. plan)

[1H 2009	1H 2009	change		(100 million yen)
	plan∗	actual	Change	Main factors for increase/decrease	change
Revenues	1,782	1,771	-10	 Impact on decrease of sales volume Sales to other bottlers 	-9.9 -0.2
Gross profit	794	789	-4	 Impact on decrease of sales volume Sales to other bottlers 	-4.9 +0.6
Operating income	-22	-13	+8	Change of SG&ADecrease in personnel costDecrease of advertising cost	+9.3 +1.3
Recurring income	-21	-11	+9		
Net income	-23	-17	+5	Extraordinary lossesIncome taxes	-0.9 -2.7

^{*} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

1H Results - Operating income change factors

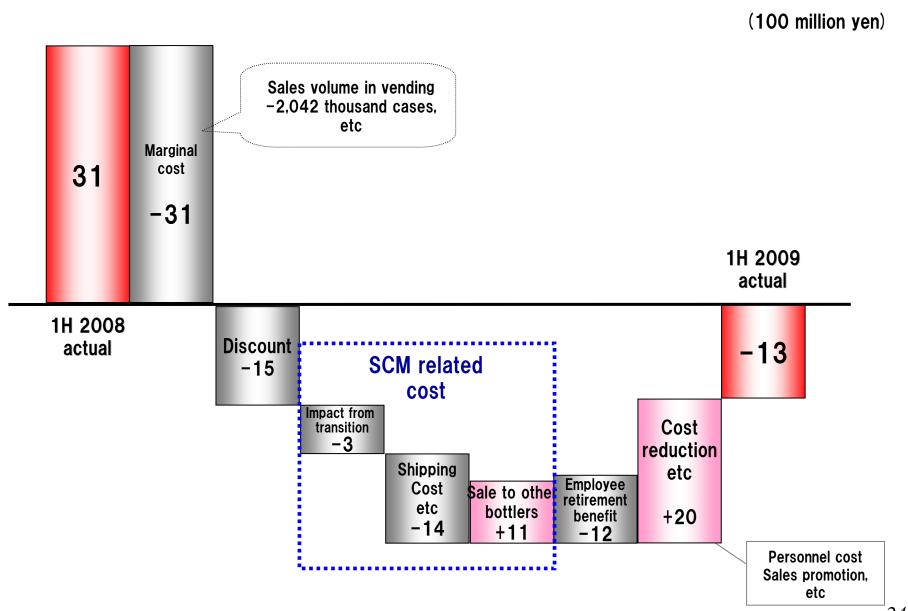


^{*} The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009

1H Results - Change factors (vs. last year)

	1H 2008	1H 2009	oh on go		(100 million yen)
	actual	actual	change	Main factors for increase/decrease	change
				 Impact on reform of SCM system 	-135.3
Davanuas	1 005	1 771	_110	•Impact on decrease of sales volume	-76.1
Revenues	1,885	1,771	-113	•Sales to other bottlers	+117.7
				•Impact from subsidiary companies	-20.1
				 Impact on reform of SCM system 	+56.3
Cross profit	702	789	_1	•Impact on decrease of sales volume	-69.3
Gross profit	793	709	-4	•Sales to other bottlers	+11.0
				•Impact from subsidiary companies	-5.1
				Increase/decrease of SG&A	
				•Impact on reform of SCM system	-56.3
		31 -13		 Increase of employee retirement benefit 	-11.3
Operating	31		-44	 Decrease of personnel cost 	+8.4
income	31	-13	-44	 Impact from subsidiary companies 	+5.9
				 Decrease of advertising cost 	+4.1
				 Decrease of sales commission 	+2.9
				•Decrease of fuel cost	+2.3
Recurring income	37	-11	-48		
				•Change of extraordinary income	-5.4
Net income	4	-17	-21	·Change of extraordinary losses	+0.4
				•Income taxes	+32.4

1H Results - Operating income change factors



III. 2H business plan

"Ensure a profit" toward future growth

- 1. Reform of Sales structure
- 2. Reform of Supply Chain Management
- 3. Business efficiency and cost-cutting

Challenging market condition

2H Earning forecast

(thousand cases, million yen, %)

·					
	2H 2009	2H 2008			
	plan	n lan	vs. last	t year	
	p.c	actual	change	%	
Sales volume	99,777	99,768	+8	+0.0	
Revenues	209,000	206,985	+2,015	+1.0	
Gross profit	94,500	84,532	+9,967	+11.8	
Operating income	8,700	7,378	+1,321	+17.9	
Recurring income	9,000	7,272	+1,728	+23.8	
Net income	4,200	-304	+4,504	-	

^{*} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

2H Consolidated P/L change factor vs. last year

	2H 2008	2H 2009	vs. last	year
	ZH 2006	ZH 2009	change	%
Revenues	206,985	209,000	+2,015	+1.0
Beverage	195,149	209,000	+13,851	+7.
(sales in the territory)	(192,596)	(190,184)	(-2,412)	(-1.3
(sales to other bottlers)	(2,553)	(18,816)	(+16,263)	(+637.0
Contracted manufacture	11,836		-11,836	-100.
COGS	122,452	114,500	-7,952	-6.
Beverage	110,748	115,290	+4,542	+4.
(sales in the territory)	(108,317)	(97,370)	(-10,947)	(-10.
(sales to other bottlers)	(2,431)	(17,920)	(+15,489)	(+637.
Contracted manufacture	11,704	-790	-12,494	-106.
Gross profit	84,532	94,500	+9,967	+11.
Beverage	84,400	93,710	+9,309	+11.
(sales in the territory)	(84,279)	(92,814)	(+8,535)	(+10.
(sales to other bottlers)	(122)	(896)	(+774)	(+634.4
Contracted manufacture	132	790	+658	+498.
SG&A	77,154	85,800	+8,646	+11.
Personnel cost	27,090	25,790	-1,300	-4.
Employee retirement benefit	800	1,984	+1,184	+148.
Distribution related cost	-	7,565	+7,576	
Tax and dues	646	724	+78	+12.
Advertising cost	4,783	5,832	+1,049	+21.
Sales commission	18,578	18,977	+399	+2.
Sell out consolidated companies	84	61	-23	-27.
Other	25,173	24,867	-306	-1.
Operating income	7,378	8,700	+1,321	+17.
Non-operating income	487	800	+313	+64.
Non-operating expese	594	500	-94	-15.
Recurring income	7,272	9,000	+1,728	+23.
Extraordinary income	22	0	-22	
Extraordinary losses	7,538	1,600	-5,938	-78.
Net income	-304	4,200	+4,504	

(million yen, %)

2H Plan - Sales volume

Brand

(thousand cases, %)

vs. last year*1 2H 2009 plan % change Coca-Cola 7.560 +6.1 +435 Coca-Cola Zero 3.694 +1,312 +55.1 Fanta 5,177 +99 +2.0 +0.2 Georgia 21,109 +40 7.709 -3.5Soukenbicha -280 11.604 +257 +2.3 Aquarius sub-total 56,853 +3.4 +1,863 Other 42,924 -1,855 -4.1Total 99,777 +8 +0.0

Channel

(thousand cases, %)

(tilousaliu cases,				
	2H 2009	vs. last y	ear*1	
	plan	change	%	
Supermarket *2	27,008	+1,628	+6.4	
CVS	10,448	+181	+1.8	
Chain Store	37,456	+1,808	+5.1	
Vending	33,551	-643	-1.9	
Retail	7,564	-453	-5.6	
Food service	9,880	-282	-2.8	
Other	11,325	-423	-3.6	
Total	99,777	+8	+0.0	

- *1 Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.
- *2 Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center

2H Plan - Sales volume by channel/package

(thousand cases, %)					
■Chain store	2H 2009	vs. last	year*		
	plan	change	%		
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	17,363	+471	+2.8		
Small PET (~1.0L)	11,383	+1,117	+10.9		
Can	7,785	+200	+2.6		
Other	924	+21	+2.3		
Total	37,456	+1,808	+5.1		

(thousand cases, %				
■ Vending	2H 2009	vs. last year*		
	plan	change	%	
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	94	-39	-29.5	
Small PET (~1.0L)	8,481	-28	-0.3	
Can	20,714	+480	+2.4	
Syrup, powder	3,851	-136	-3.4	
Other	411	-920	-69.1	
Total	33,551	-643	-1.9	

(thousand cases, %			
■Retail/Food service	2H 2009	vs. last year*	
	plan	change	%
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	1,487	+45	+3.1
Small PET (~1.0L)	2,704	-191	-6.6
Can	2,416	-41	-1.7
Syrup, powder	9,736	-388	-3.8
Other	1,100	-159	-12.7
Total	17,444	-734	-4.0

^{*} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

Brand strategy - Big 6 "Coca-Cola" "Coca-Cola Zero"

Coca-Cola

Coca-Cola Zero

- ► Small-sized package promotion

 Happy music summer promotion

 Coca-Cola Zero J-league promotion
- ► Expand package line-up Launch 2.OL PET (middle of July)





Coca-Cola Zero Promotion (5/11~11/30)



Happy Music Promotion

Brand strategy - Big 6 "Georgia"

Georgia

▶ Strengthen core flavors

"European" (low sugar) renewal (end of August)

Royalty program "Autumn-Winter nationwide promotion" (beginning of September)

Launch new product "VINTAGE"

New type of products
GEAR BLACK/ICE COFFEE
JELLY COFFEE







JELLY COFFEE



GEAR (ICE COFFEE/BLACK)

Brand strategy - New products

Sokenbicha "Kurosae"

► Launch "Sokenbicha Kurosae" (end of August)

Blend tea (black bean, black sesame, forbidden rice)



Karada-sukoyakacha

▶ Specified health food

(The Health, Labor and Welfare Ministry designated)

Launch "Karada-sukoyakacha" (end of June)



Reform of sales - Trade marketing

Increasing revenues and profits done by customer-segmented marketing

Strengthen trade marketing based on the consumer behavior

Chain store

- Strengthening investment and sales activities to core accounts
- Improve profitability for each account

Vending

- Executing marketing plans based on consumer segmentation
- Increasing number of VMs utilized organizational and operational power

Retail/food service

 Increasing sales by developing on-premise market

Reform of sales - Channel strategy

1H activities

2H activities

Chain store

▶ Strengthening investment and sales activities to core accounts

<Sales (YOY) >
Gold : +6.7%
Silver : +11.7%
Bronze : -2.0%

- ► Strengthening investment and sales activities to core accounts
- ► Improve profitability for each account → discount/shipping cost/level of service

Vending

Executing marketing plans based on consumer segmentation (execute value promotion)
 Promotion effect>
 Georgia: +38.4%

→contribute to increase VPM

- Executing marketing plans based on consumer segmentation
 - →considering seasonality, shift activities from value promotion to up-sizing (package) in carbonated & coffee category

Retail / Food service

► Increasing sales by developing on-premise market

→vs. plan : +15.9%

- ▶ Increasing sales by developing onpremise market
 - →setting benchmark by starting Coke Town project

Reform of SCM

1H activities

2H activities

Strengthening of corporation between sales and SCM functions

- Deliberate release new products, renewal products.
- ► Establish of a supply system for the peak season

- ▶ Build a supply system toward summer strengthening of corporation between sales and SCM functions
 - →Strengthen communication with sales department
 - →New launch system in line with CCW intentions

SCM system centering on CCWEST in Western Japan area

- Improve productivity in the western bottlers
 →product 90% of sales
- Open a new line in Akashi factory
- ▶ Close the Shiga factory

- Strengthening a supply system by improving productivity in the company
 - →Strengthening Collaboration with the western bottlers
 - →Utilizing packers in the western Japan
 - →Improving productivity by fullcapacity operation in Akashi factory

Yearly - Sales volume plan / performance forecast

We do not change the annual plan this time because there are many uncertain factors such as market condition and weather.

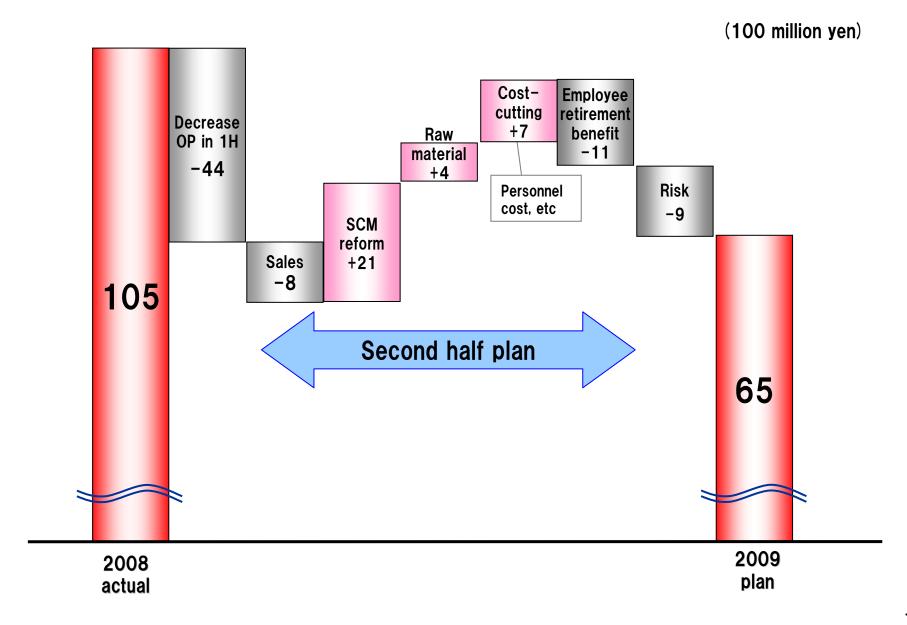
(thousand cases, million yen, %)

	2009 plan
Sales volume *	184,570
Revenues	387,200
Gross profit	173,900
Operating income	6,500
Recurring income	6,900
Net profit	1,900

2008	vs. last	year
actual	change	%
186,430	-1,860	-1.0
395,556	-8,356	-2.1
163,931	+9,968	+6.1
10,521	-4,021	-38.2
11,048	-4,148	-37.5
129	+1,770	-

^{*} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

Yearly - Scenario for achieving operational profit (vs. last year)



Revision of dividend forecast

We revise dividend per share for end of year, from 22 yen to 21 yen, because we are in challenging market condition.

[Dividend per share]

After revision	End of 2Q ¥21	End of year (forecast) ¥21	Yearly (forecast) ¥42
Before revision	¥ 21	¥ 22	¥ 43
Last year	¥21	¥ 22	¥ 43

Business efficiency and cost-cutting

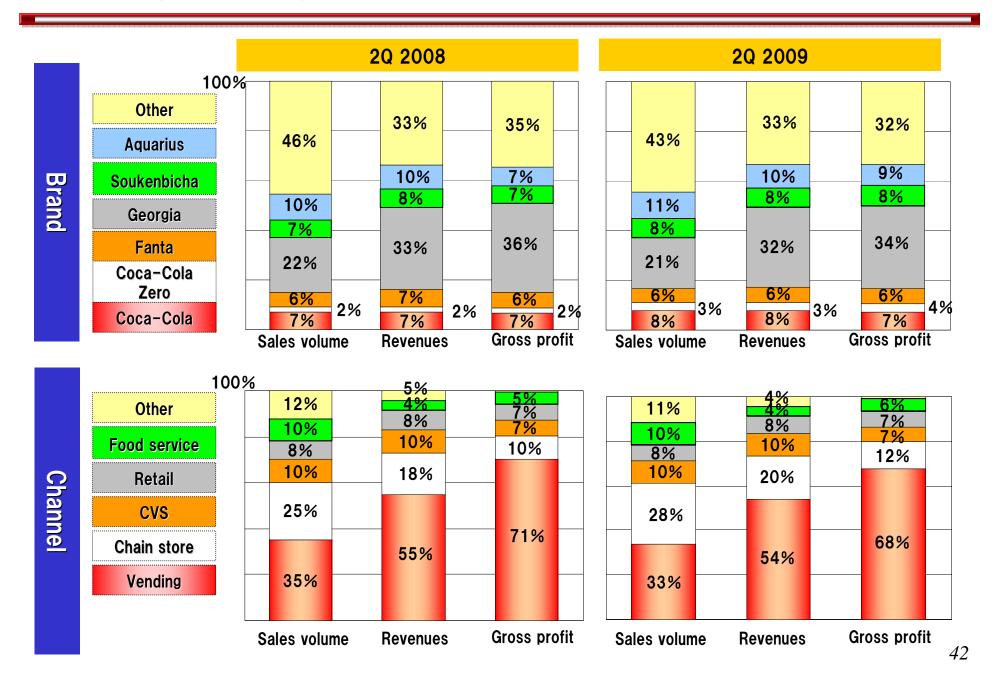


"Ensure a profit" toward future growth

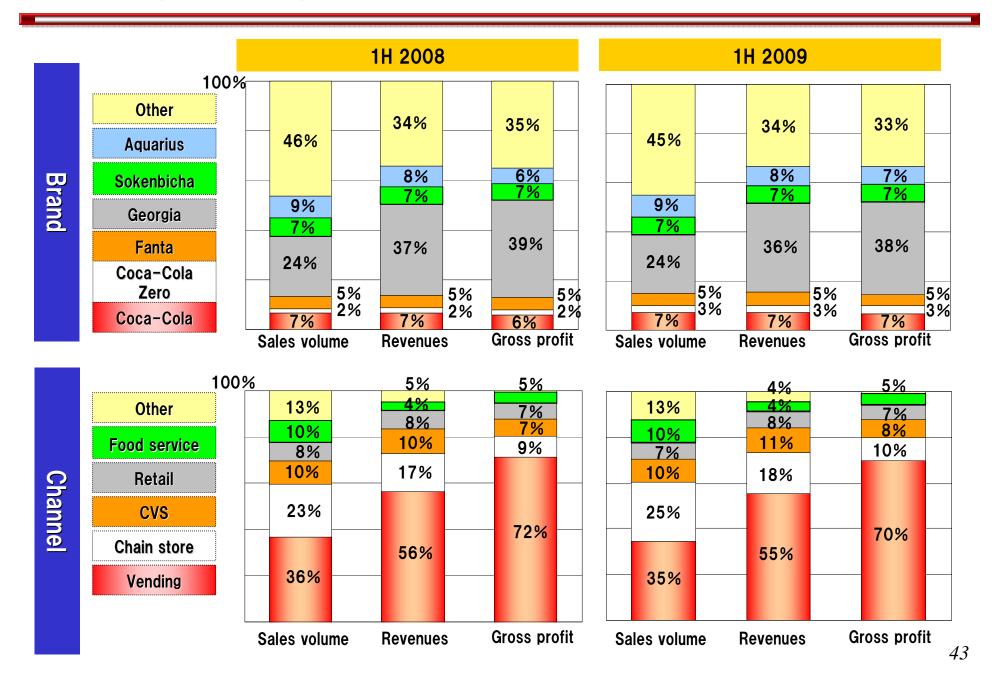
- 1. Reform of Sales structure
- 2. Reform of Supply Chain Management
- 3. Business efficiency and cost-cutting

[Reference]

2Q - By brand/by channel Volume/Revenues/GP



1H - By brand/by channel Volume/Revenues/GP



2Q - Sales volume by package

(thousand case, %)

		2Q 2009						
		actual *	vs. plan			vs. last year		
		actual *	change	%	change	%		
Bottle		519	+10	+2.0	+0	+0.1		
	~ 1,000ml	10,174	+92	+0.9	+305	+3.1		
PET	1,001ml ~	9,105	+291	+3.3	+853	+10.3		
	subtotal	19,279	+383	+2.0	+1,151	+6.3		
Can (include bottle can)	15,069	-816	-5.1	-1,136	-7.0		
Other		1,670	+143	+9.3	-109	-6.1		
	Syrup, powder	10,243	+105	+1.0	-362	-3.4		
-	Total	46,781	-175	-0.4	-455	-1.0		

^{*} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

1H - Sales volume by package

(thousand case, %)

		1H 2009					
		actual *	VS. I	olan	vs. last year		
		actual *	change	%	change	%	
Bottle		927	+10	+1.1	-17	-1.8	
	~ 1,000ml	17,699	+92	+0.5	-349	-1.9	
<u> </u>	1,001ml ~	15,099	+291	+2.0	+1,080	+7.7	
	subtotal	32,798	+383	+1.2	+730	+2.3	
Can (include bottle can)		28,654	-818	-2.8	-1,712	-5.6	
Other		2,865	+143	+5.2	-173	-5.7	
Syrup, powder		19,552	+107	+0.6	-693	-3.4	
	Total	84,797	-175	-0.2	-1,865	-2.2	

^{*} Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

1H - Sales volume by package

■Chain store

(thousand cases, %)

	1H 2009	vs. pl	an ^{*1}	vs. last	year*2
	actual	change	%	change	%
Larger PET (1.5~2.0L)	13,701	+208	+1.5	+1,078	+8.5
Small PET (~1.0L)	8,802	+188	+2.2	+467	+5.6
Can	7,208	-187	-2.5	+31	+0.4
Other	618	-42	-6.4	+48	+8.3
Total	30,329	+167	+0.6	+1,624	+5.7

■Vending

(thousand cases, %)

	1H 2009	vs. pl	an ^{*1}	vs. last	year*2
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	180	+96	+115.6	-24	-11.8
Small PET (~1.0L)	6,669	-92	-1.4	-406	-5.7
Can	18,183	-243	-1.3	-628	-3.3
Syrup, powder	3,744	-95	-2.5	-442	-10.6
Other	806	+41	+5.4	-542	-40.2
Total	29,583	-293	-1.0	-2,042	-6.5

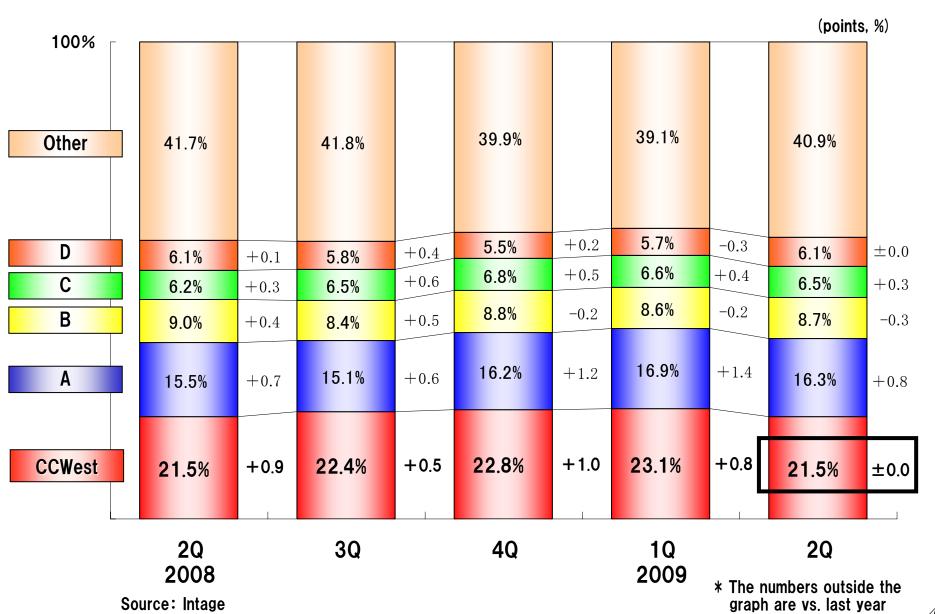
■Retail & Food service

(thousand cases, %)

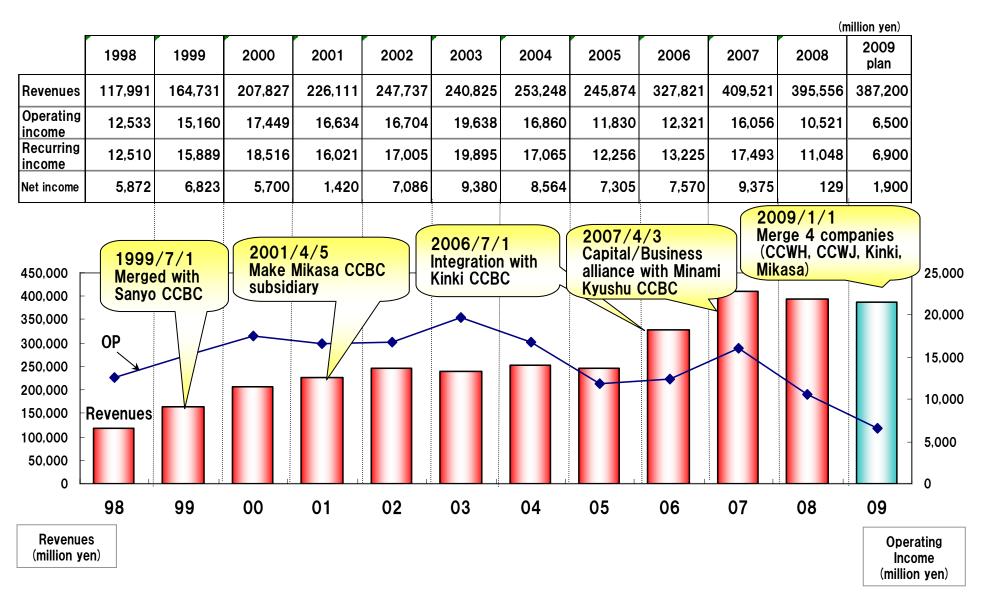
	1H 2009	vs. pl	an ^{*1}	vs. last	year*2
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1.5~2.0L)	1,214	-14	-1.1	+27	+2.3
Small PET (~1.0L)	2,181	-40	-1.8	-117	-5.1
Can	1,919	-85	-4.2	-430	-18.3
Syrup, powder	8,450	-11	-0.1	-40	-0.5
Other	964	-54	-5.3	-86	-8.2
Total	14,729	-204	-1.4	-646	-4.2

- *1 The plan is based on forecast announced as of May 1, 2009
- *2 Changing quantity equivalent in some products, we adjust sales volume as far as 2008.

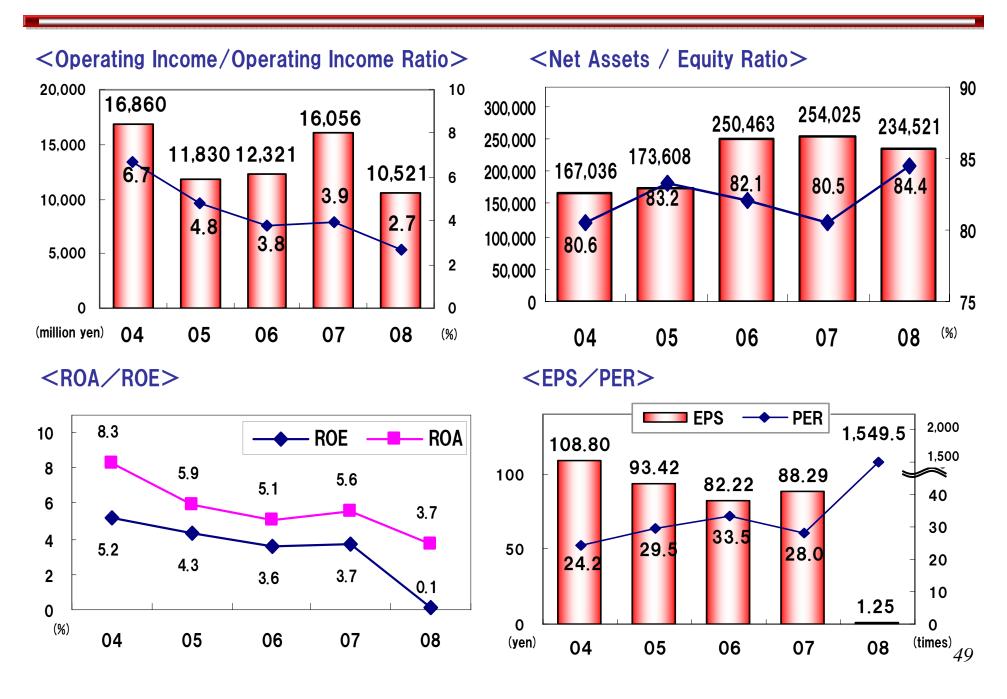
Channel - OTC Market share (exclude VM)



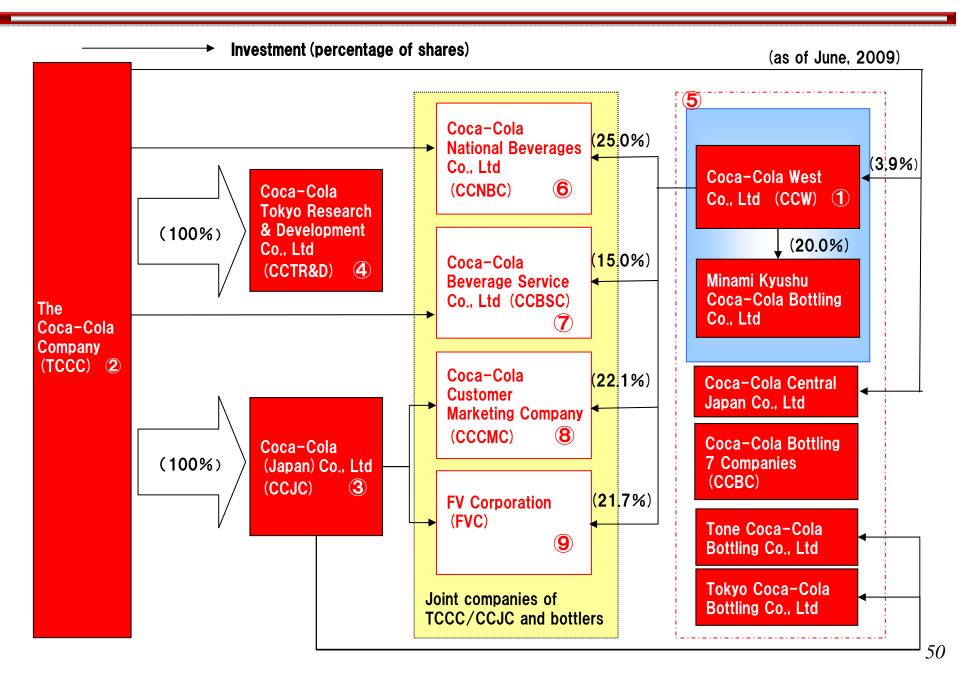
Performance trend



Financial Data



Coca-Cola System in Japan



Coca-Cola Related Companies and Their Roles

1. Coca-Cola West Co., Ltd. (CCW)

In 2006, CCWJ and Kinki CCBC merged the management of both companies by establishing a joint holding company CCWH. In 2009, CCWH, CCWJ, Kinki CCBC and Mikasa CCBC merged and the trade name changed to Coca-Cola West Co., Ltd.

2. The Coca-Cola Company (TCCC)

Established 1919 in Atlanta, Georgia. Carries the rights to grant a license to manufacture and sell Coca-Cola products to the bottlers. TCCC (or its subsidiary) makes franchise agreements with the bottlers.

3. Coca-Cola (Japan) Co., Ltd. (CCJC)

Established 1957 in Tokyo, as "Nihon Inryo Kogyo K.K.," a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. The company name was changed in 1958 to Coca-Cola (Japan) Company, Limited. CCJC is responsible for marketing planning as well as manufacturing and distribution of concentrate in Japan.

4. Coca-Cola Tokyo Research & Development Co., Ltd. (CCTR&D)

Established in January 1993 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. Since January 1995, carries out product development and technical support to respond to the needs of the Asian region.

5. Coca-Cola bottlers (CCBCs)

There are 12 bottlers in Japan, which are responsible for selling Coca-Cola products in the respective territories.

6. Coca-Cola National Beverages Co., Ltd. (CCNBC)

Jointly established in April 2003 by TCCC and CCBCs for the purpose of creating an optimal nationwide supply chain. It started operation in October 2003. CCNBC procures raw materials, coordinates manufacturing and supply/demand plans on a nationwide basis, and supply products to the bottlers. The company was reorganized at the end of 2008.

7. Coca-Cola Beverage Service Co., Ltd (CCBSC)

Established through joint investment by TCCC and its bottling partners in Japan, and the company began operations on January 1, 2007. It is charged with providing business consulting services to the Coca-Cola system in Japan, as well as developing and generally maintaining the information systems to support such work. The company has procured raw materials since Jan 2009.

8. Coca-Cola Customer Marketing Company (CCCMC)

Established through joint investment by Coca-Cola (Japan) Co., Ltd. and all of its bottling partners in Japan, and the company began operations on January 1, 2007. It is charged with holding business negotiations with major retailer outlets, such as nationwide convenience stores and supermarket chains, as well as developing proposals for sales promotions and storefront activities.

9. FV Corporation (FVC)

Jointly established in May 2001 by CCBCs and CCJC. FVC carries out sales negotiations with national chain vending operators, and deals with non-KO products as well as KO products.

Glossary

1. Channel (Business Unit)

Vending:

Retail sale business to distribute products through vending machines to consumers

Chain store:

Wholesale business for supermarket chains

Convenience Store:

Wholesale business for convenience store chains

Retail:

Wholesale business for grocery stores, liquor shops, and other over-the-counter outlets

Food Service:

Syrup sale business for fast food restaurants, movie theaters, sports arenas, "family restaurants." and theme parks

2. Vending

Regular vending machine:

A vending machine offered free of charge to a customer who supervises its operation and uses it to sell products purchased from us.

Full service vending machine:

A vending machine installed and managed directly by us (product supply, collection of proceeds etc.).

Fees are paid to the location proprietors.

Out-market vending machine:

An outdoor machine whose users are relatively unspecific

Out-market vending machine:

An outdoor machine whose users are relatively unspecific

In-market vending machine:

An indoor machine whose users are relatively specific

VPM

Sales Volume Per Vending Machine

VPPM

Sales Volume and Profit Per Vending Machine

3. Chain Store

National chain:

National chain supermarket that CCCMC are responsible for negotiating

Regional chain:

Chain supermarket that owns its stores in the two or more bottlers' territories

Local chain:

Chain supermarket that owns its stores in the single bottler's territory

4. Other

Trade marketing

Trade marketing is a specific function that uses shopper and retail knowledge to develop in-store strategies that ultimately result in higher brand equity and an increase in the quantity and value of shopper purchases.

Forward-Looking Statement

The plans, performance forecasts, and strategies appearing in this material are based on the judgment of the management in view of data obtained as of the date this material was released. Please note that these forecasts may differ materially from actual performance due to risks and uncertain factors such as those listed below.

- Intensification of market price competition
- Change in economic trends affecting business climate
- Major fluctuations in capital markets
- Uncertain factors other than those above