-Creating a happy tomorrow for everyone-

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# Second Quarter 2011 Results Presentation

July 29, 2011

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1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 results

Out market share

By brand/by channel Volume/Revenues/Gross Profit

Sales volume by package, Sales volume by channel/package

Performance trend/Financial data

Coca-Cola system in Japan

# **Summary**

# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 results

Sales volume was 47 million cases, 2.7% higher than last year as a result of strengthening of OBPPC\* strategy in each channel.

Sales volume: -0.4% vs. plan, +2.7% vs. last year

➤ Operating income was 4.6 billion yen, 2.4 billion yen higher than last year, due to sales volume growth in Coca-Cola business and reduction of indirect costs group-wide.

OP income: 4.6 billion yen (+0.9 by vs. plan, +2.4 by vs. last year)

# 2H (Jul-Dec) 2011 forecast

We do not revise the initial consolidated earnings forecasts previously announced as of Feb 4, 2011.

➤ Sales volume 100.783 thousand cases (+0.1%)

>Revenues 215.2 billion yen (+8.6 billion yen by vs. last year)

>Operating income 11.1 billion yen (+0.4 billion yen by vs. last year)

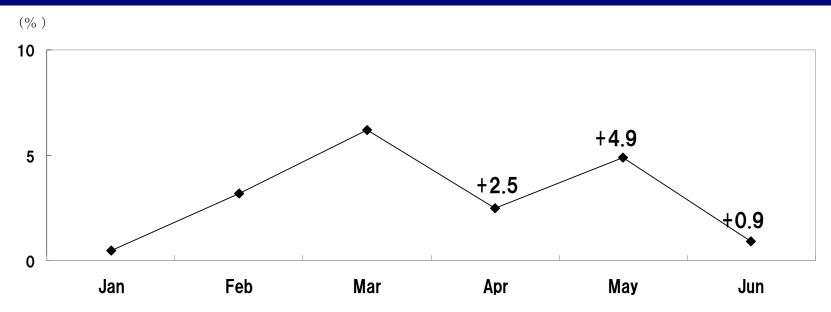
# I. 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 Financial Results

# 2Q (Apl-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume

## ■ Sales volume increased 2.7% in 2Q.

	2Q 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last year		
(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%	
Sales volume	47,328	-184	-0.4	+1,232	+2.7	

### Monthly Sales Volume (Yoy)



# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by Brand

<i>(</i> 1)		20 2011	vs. p	olan	vs. ly	
	(thousand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
	Coca-Cola	3,742	-28	-0.7	+166	+4.7
	Coca-Cola Zero	1,763	-11	-0.6	+85	+5.1
С	Fanta	2,323	+69	+3.1	+133	+6.1
0	Georgia	9,495	-226	-2.3	+59	+0.6
r e	Sokenbicha	3,215	-188	-5.5	+33	+1.0
	Aquarius	5,441	+298	+5.8	+542	+11.1
8	I LOHAS	1,681	+138	+8.9	+345	+25.8
	Ayataka	2,012	+518	+34.7	+925	+85.2
	subtotal	29,672	+570	+2.0	+2,290	+8.4
Oth	ner	17,656	-754	-4.1	-1,058	-5.7
	Total	47,328	-184	-0.4	+1,232	+2.7

#### ■Coca-Cola / Coca-Cola Zero / Fanta

- •Growth rate of sparkling slow down, but sales grew in June.
- Sales of Coca-Cola increased and Coca-Cola Zero grew as effect of campaigns such as "Coke & Meal" or "Coke Zero & Snack." Fanta also increased.

#### ■Sokenbicha / Ayataka

- •Blend tea slightly decreased, green tea increased.
- •Sokenbicha increased after full renewal in Feb.
- Ayataka increased as a result of package renewal and appeal its value in TV commercial.

#### Georgia

- Canned coffee slightly decreased.
- Georgia increased by strengthen Black & Bito segments, and launching season limited products.

#### Aquarius

- Sports drinks grew.
- Aquarius increased double-digits, driven by seasonable programs such as "fluid replacement."
   Market share increased.

#### **III** LOHAS

- Packaged water grew.
- •I LOHAS grew double-digits. We grew share in CVS.

# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by Channel

		2Q 2011	vs. plan		vs. ly	
(thous	sand cases, %)	actual	change	%	change	%
	Supermarket **1	12,629	-565	-4.3	+13	+0.1
	CVS	4,540	-217	-4.6	+57	+1.3
Chain	store	17,169	-783	-4.4	+70	+0.4
Vendi	ng <sup>*2</sup>	13,759	-691	-4.8	-930	-6.3
Retail		3,470	+161	+4.9	+89	+2.6
Food	service	4,735	+67	+1.4	+156	+3.4
Other		8,195	+1,062	+14.9	+1,847	+29.1
	Total	47,328	-184	-0.4	+1,232	+2.7

[Ref: In case of removing the impact of business model change]

Vending	13,759	-141	-1.0	+270	+2.0
Other	8,195	+512	+6.7	+647	+8.6

- \*1 Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center.
- ※2 Sales volume of vending decreased due to changing sales structure. In case of removing the impact (plan: 550 cases, last year actual 1,200 cases), the sales increased in the quarter.
- **%3 HORECA: Hotel, Restaurant, Café etc**

#### Chain store

- •Sales of small-sized PET increased as a result of programs such as an installing sales equipment in supermarket. Sales of large-sized PET decreased.
- •Sales in CVS channel increased, driven by sales of mineral water. We gained market share.

#### Vending

•VPM has recovered as a result of successful inmarket activations such as an attractive product line-up. Sales increased in case of removing the impact of business model change.

#### ■ Retail / Food service

•Sales increased, ahead of our target, due to development activities in HORECA\*3 channel.

## **Channel - Supermarket small PET bottle sales**

As we installed sales equipments to effective locations, sales of small-packaged products increased, and unit price improved.

#### Number of increased sales equipments in supermarket\*

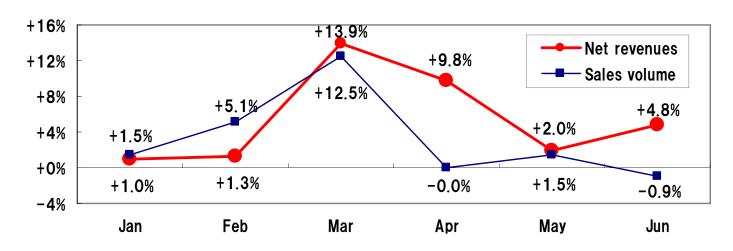


Cooler 4,528 units



Rack 8,259 units

#### Sales volume and net revenues in supermarket\* (Yoy)



## Sales volume per vending machine

■Sales volume per machine has recovered, especially "out door" since we have started the VPM-up activation respond to each occasion.

#### Sales volume per vending machine

		Yoy (%)						
Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total	
At-work whtie	-0.9	+1.0	+1.0	+0.4	+1.7	-1.5	+0.2	
At-work blue	+0.5	+2.3	-0.9	-1.7	+0.7	+0.4	+0.2	
Retail in-store	-0.5	+1.4	-0.2	+2.0	-0.7	-2.8	-0.2	
Transportation	+1.3	+6.7	+0.1	+3.6	-1.6	-1.5	+1.2	
Schools	-0.7	+3.8	+1.8	+3.8	+3.3	-2.1	+1.3	
Amusement facility	-4.2	+0.0	-3.5	+2.8	-3.7	-2.4	-2.0	
Pachinko	-3.7	-1.7	-2.5	+1.6	-0.3	+0.2	-1.0	
Sports facility	-7.0	-2.4	-3.8	+0.4	-2.7	-4.4	-3.3	
Hospital	+0.1	+1.3	+1.0	+1.2	+0.2	-2.1	+0.2	
Other (in door)	-0.1	+1.4	-2.4	+0.4	-0.1	-4.2	-0.9	
Out door	-1.0	+2.9	+3.4	+7.7	+2.7	-3.3	+1.9	
Total	-1.2	+1.7	+0.5	+3.1	+0.8	-2.0	+0.4	

## 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - SCM

Achieving consumer driven SCM

- •Clarified the problems and designed business process for establishing consumer driven supply chain
- •Structured supply system linked to the OBPPC\*1 strategy
- Increased production for demand season

Building of foundation for low-cost supply structure, environment measures

- •Weight saving of bottles (Coca-Cola 300ml PET, Fanta 500ml PET)
- •Introduced in-line blowing of sparkling PET bottles (Tosu plant in May, Kyoto plant in June)
- •Upgraded acid aseptic lines and a bottle line (Kiyama plant in April & June)
- •Started the initiatives for reducing usage of water with TCCC\*2

Reform of distribution

- •Made yard operation in LC\*\*3 more efficient by logistic assessment
- •Reorganization of freight transport centers

SCM impact (yoy)

+1.2 billion yen

- **%1** OBPPC: Occasion, Brand, Package, Price, Channel
- **\*2** TCCC: The Coca-Cola Company
- **\*3** LC: Logistic Center

# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - Sale volume & P/L

(thousand cases, million yen, %)

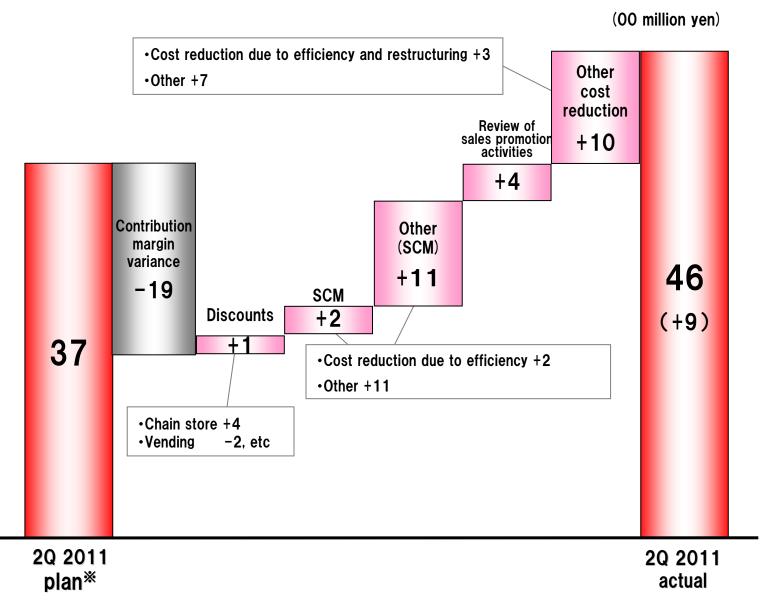
								(micacana cacco, mimori yon, 70)		
	2Q 2011		2Q 2011	vs. plan		2Q 2010	vs. last year			
	actual		plan*				actual	change	%	
Sales volume	47,328		47,512	-184	-0.4		46,096	+1,232	+2.7	
Net Revenues	103,468		103,300	+168	+0.2		91,549	+11,918	+13.0	
Gross profit	49,412		50,800	-1,387	-2.7		40,818	+8,593	+21.1	
Operating income	4,637		3,700	+937	+25.3		2,172	+2,465	+113.5	
Recurring income	4,675		3,600	+1,075	+29.9		2,363	+2,312	+97.9	
Net income	2,885		2,100	+785	+37.4		1,563	+1,322	+84.6	

<sup>\*</sup> The plan is based on the performance forecast announced as of Feb 4, 2011.

# 2Q (Apl-Jun) 2011 - P/L change factors (vs. plan)

	2Q 2011	20 2011	oh on go	(00	) million yen)
	plan <sup>*</sup>	actual	change	Main factors for increase/ decrease	change
Net	1,033	1,034	+1	•Impact on the soft drink business	+7.8
Revenues	1,033	1,034	T 1	•Impact on the health food business	-5.6
Gross	508	494	_10	•Impact on the soft drink business	-8.9
profit	506	494	-13	•Impact on health food business	-5.3
				Increase/decrease of SG&A	
				•Sales promotion & ad cost	+3.9
	37			•Sales commission	+2.9
Operating		46	+9	·Sales equipment cost	+4.5
income		40	⊤ <b>9</b>	•Transportation expenses	+1.1
				• Maintenance cost	+1.3
				Depreciation	+1.7
				•Impact on the health food business	+5.6
Recurring income	36	46	+10		
Not income	0.4	0.0	. 7	•Extraordinary income/losses	+2.4
Net income	21 28		+7	•Income taxes	-5.5

# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - Operating income change factors (vs. plan)



# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - P/L change factors (vs. ly)

	2Q 2010 actual	2Q 2011 actual	change
Net revenues	915	1,034	+119
Gross profit	408	494	+85
Operating income	21	46	+24
Recurring income	23	46	+23
Net income	15	28	+13

	(00 million yen)	
inaraga /daaraga		ohongo

	Main factors for increase/decrease	change
•	Impact on the soft drink business	+33.0
•	Impact on the health food business	+86.6
•	Impact on the soft drink business	+15.7
•	Impact on the health food business	+70.5
Ir	crease/decrease of SG&A	
	•Personnel cost	+8.4
	•Sales promotion & ad cost	-12.3
	•Sales commission	-2.7
	·Sales equipment cost	+1.2
	•Depreciation	+2.2
	•Impact on the health food business	-59.8
•	Extraordinary income/losses	+2.5
	Income taxes	-12.3

# 2Q (ApI-Jun) 2011 - Operating income change factors (vs. ly)

Operating income increased, due to sales volume growth, reduction of indirect costs group—wide and SCM reforms in Coca—Cola business.

Consolidated OP income increased by 2.4 billion yen ,yoy, totaling 4.6 billion yen.

Coca-Cola business (+14) (00 million yen) Other Health food Personnel cost business cost +10 -11 +12 Chain store -1 -7 etc Vending Other (SCM) Contribution +8 margin 46 variance +2 SCM **Discounts** (+24)+12 -9 •SCM impact by efficiency +12 21.7 •Other +8 2Q 2010 20 2011 actual actual

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# II. 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 Financial Results

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Sale volume & P/L

(thousand cases, million yen, %)

	1H 2011 actual
Sales volume	85,776
Net Revenues	189,933
Gross profit	92,602
Operating income	6,014
Recurring income	6,016
Net income	2,363

1H 2011	vs. plan				
plan*	change	%			
86,296	-520	-0.6			
192,800	-2,866	-1.5			
95,800	-3,197	-3.3			
4.900	+1,114	+22.7			
4,600	+1,416	+30.8			
900	+1,463	+162.6			

(tilousaliu cases, illillioli yell, %)				
1H 2010	vs. last year			
actual	change	%		
83,250	+2,527	+3.0		
169,182	+20,750	+12.3		
76,326	+16,276	+21.3		
1,280	+4,734	+369.8		
1,438	+4,578	+318.3		
810	+1,552	+191.5		

<sup>\*</sup> The plan is based on the performance forecast announced as of Feb 4, 2011.

# III. 2H (Jul-Dec) 2011 Business Plan

# 2H (Jul-Dec) 2011 Sales volume plan

#### **Brand**

(thousand cases, %)

		2011	vs. last year	
		2H plan	change	%
	Coca-Cola	7,768	+180	+2.4
	Coca-Cola Zero	3,616	+282	+8.5
С	Fanta	4,790	-54	-1.1
0	Georgia	19,477	+397	+2.1
r e	Sokenbicha	7,165	+325	+4.8
	Aquarius	12,629	-713	-5.3
8	Mineral water	3,586	-11	-0.3
	Ayataka	3,208	+178	+5.9
	sub-total	62,238	+584	+0.9
Other		38,545	-472	-1.2
Total		100,783	+112	+0.1

- **%1** Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center.
- ※2 Sales volume plan of vending decreases due to changing sales structure. In case of removing the impact (2,640 cases), the sales plan increases.

## Channel

(thousand cases, %)

(tilousaliu cases,			
	2011	vs. last	year
	2H plan	change	%
Supermarket*1	28,233	+49	+0.2
cvs	10,555	-16	-0.2
Chain Store	38,788	+33 +0.1	
Vending <sup>*2</sup>	28,787	-1,530	-5.0
Retail	6,951	-147	-2.1
Food service	10,366	+220	+2.2
Other	15,892	+1,536	+10.7
Total	100,783	+112	+0.1

 Ref: In case of removing the impact of business model change

 Vending
 28,787
 +1,110
 +4.0

 Other
 15,892
 -1,104
 -6.5

# **Brand strategy**

# Main activities

## Innovation

#### Communication



- ► Launch reprinted glass bottles
- **▶** Summer global music campaign









- **▶** Wild Health campaign
- **▶** Summer global music campaign







Wild Health Campaign



- **▶** Launch new flavors
- ▶ Launch 280ml PET (Orange/Grape flavors)





**New flavors** 





280ml PET







# **Brand strategy**

#### Main activities

#### **Innovations**

#### Communication



- **▶** Summer promotion (June-August)
- **▶** Autumn promotion











(image)

#### Sokenbicha



**▶** With meal campaign in summer







- ► Appeal for rehydration solution
- ▶ New products



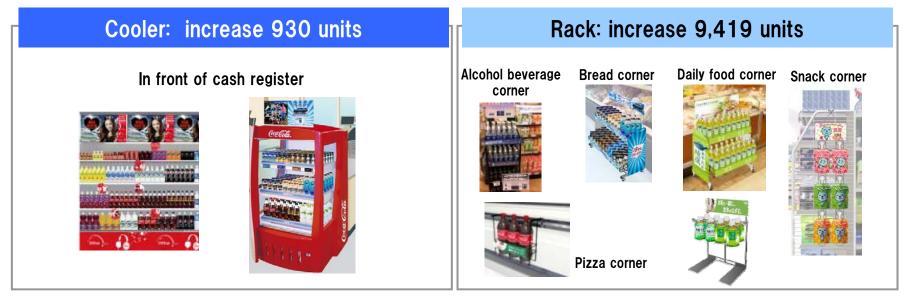


# Channel strategy - Chain Store

- ► Coverage up of core 8 brand
- ► Increase sales volume, net revenues and share with profits
  - Improvement of unit price
  - → observe price guidelines
  - → positive price/mix with multi sales
  - → diversification of package and price by occasions

#### Increase of sales points and improvement of package mix

→ increase sales of small-sized packages and capture points of availability by installing cooler and rack



## Channel strategy - Vending

► OBPPC strategy by each occasion

Product line-up respond to each type of locations or season (summer)



# Channel strategy - Vending

- ► New locations: Taking away of other companies' machines and replace to our group companies' machines
- ► M&A : Vending operation companies
- **▶** Develop new locations and increase sales volume per machine
  - → 3D-VIS Vending machine



- ► Strengthen installing chilled-cup drink vending machines
  - → Expand the operating area (2,400 machines into market)

Chilled-cup drink vending machines



## **Business Model Innovation**

## ■Starting Business Model Innovation Project

→We establish a consumer-centric business model with a support of TCCC<sup>\*1</sup>.

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CSS + RTM

Logistics process

**DOIP** model

Network optimization

Manufacturing excellence

World class IT

Support functions optimization

Organization design/ change management

#### **Future direction**

- Set up service levels tailored by customer (sales/delivery/activation)
- Optimized resource allocation & initiative execution based on cost-to-serve at each segment.
- Monitoring automatically if activities are done according to plan.
- Toward optimal cost-to-serve by service level,
  - \* Reorganization of logistics network
- \* Introduction of automatic delivery system with global IT
- \* Use of outsource, etc
- Build timely & accurate DOIP linked with sales activity. Build DOIP process which sales & SCM mutually agree on one number.
- Build an end-to-end optimized supply chain
- Through optimization of manufacturing network with links to future OBPPC\*2 strategies.
- Strengthening production system in order to respond to demand fluctuation.
- Upgrading production lines for new packaged products.
- Reduction of unit water consumption for staying in business.

**\*1 TCCC: The Coca-Cola Company** 

**\*2 OBPPC: Occasion, Brand, Package, Price, Channel** 

## 2H (Jul-Dec) Plan - SCM

- Clarify the problems and design business process for establishing consumer driven supply chain
- > Establish supply structure linked to the OBPPC\*1 strategy
  - → Respond to sales of new packages (1.25L PET, 425ml PET bottles)
  - → Consider introduction of returnable and one-way bottles in HORECA<sup>\*2</sup> channel
- > Increase production for demand season
- Weight saving of bottles / In-line blowing (PET bottle for hot products)
- > Consider specific measures for reducing usage of water
- Make an action plan for distribution process reform

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**<sup>\*2</sup>** HORECA: Hotel, Restaurant, Café etc

# 2H (Jul-Dec) Plan - Forecast

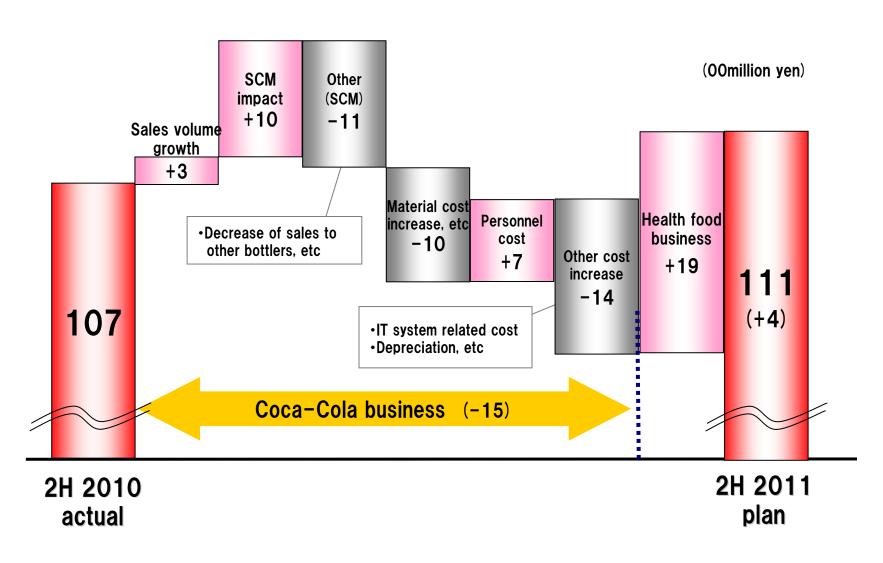
■Earnings forecast for 2H is same as the initial forecast announced as of Feb 4, 2011.

(million yen, %)

	2H 2011	2H 2010	vs. last year	
	plan	actual	change	%
Net revenues	215,200	206,581	+8,618	+4.2
Gross profit	106,100	96,129	+9,970	+10.4
Operating income	11,100	10,722	+377	+3.5
Recurring income	11,000	11,221	-221	-2.0
Net income	6,300	6,771	-471	-7.0

# 2H (Jul-Dec) Plan - Operating Income Achieving Scenario

We achieve the growth target announced as of February 4, 2011

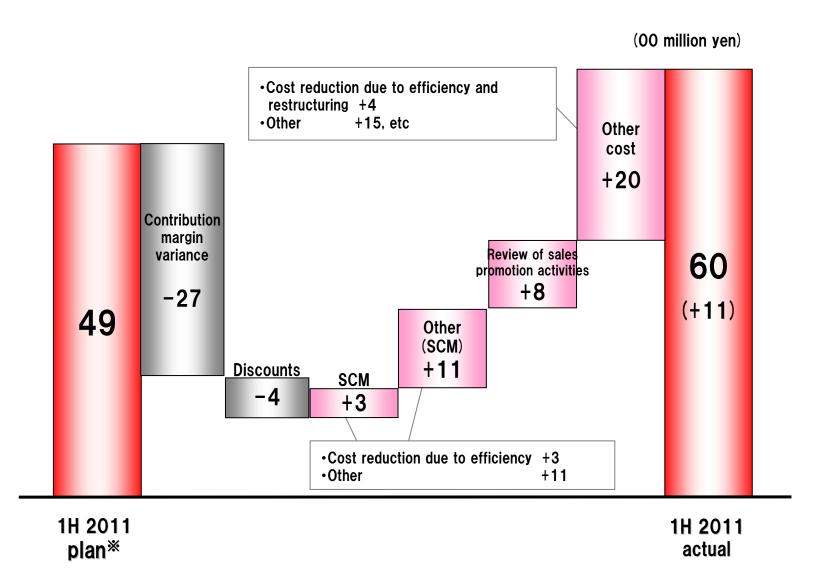


# [ Reference ]

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - P/L change factors (vs. plan)

	1H 2011	1H 2011	ohongo	(00	O million yen)
	plan*	actual	change	Main factors for increase/ decrease	change
Net	1,928	1,899	-28	•Impact on the soft drink business	-17.0
Revenues	1,920	1,099	-20	•Impact on the health food business	-11.4
Gross	958	926	-31	•Impact on the soft drink business	-21.6
profit	900	920	-31	•Impact on the health food business	-10.5
				Increase/decrease of SG&A	
				•Sales promotion & ad cost	+5.5
				•Sales commission	+4.8
0 11 1				·Sales equipment cost	+7.6
Operating income	49	60	+11	•Transportation expenses	+1.2
liicome				Depreciation	+2.3
				•Business consignment expenses	+1.1
				•Maintenance cost	+1.8
				•Impact on the health food business	+11.1
Recurring income	46	60	+14	•Non-operating income/losses	+3.0
Net income	9	23	+14		

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Operating income change factors (vs. plan)



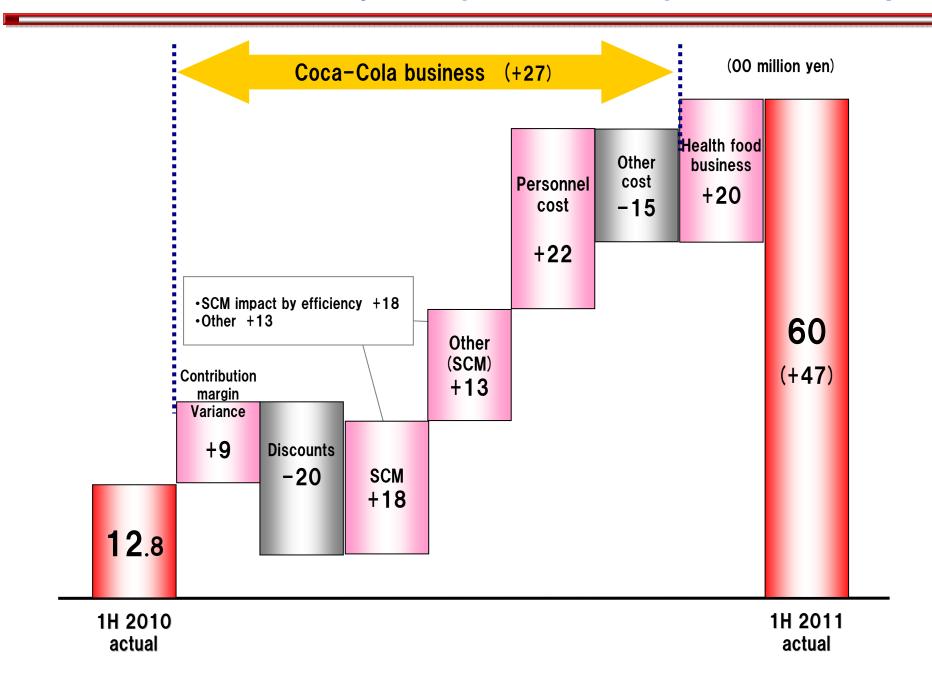
<sup>\*</sup> The plan is based on the performance forecast announced as of Feb 4, 2011.

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - P/L change factors (vs. ly)

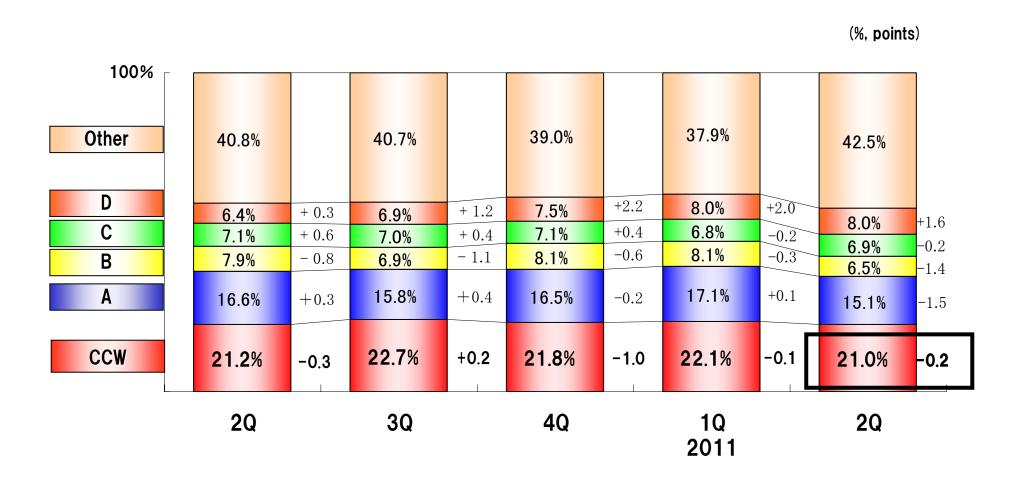
	1H 2010 actual	1H 2011 actual	change
Net revenues	1,691	1,899	+207
Gross profit	763	926	+162
Operating income	12	60	+47
Recurring income	14	60	+45
Net income	8	23	+15

(00	) million yen)
Main factors for increase/decrease	change
• Impact on the soft drink business	+38.8
• Impact on the health food business	+169.5
• Impact on the soft drink business	+25.5
<ul> <li>Impact on the health food business</li> </ul>	+137.7
Increase/decrease of SG&A	
•Personnel cost	+17.9
•Sales promotion & ad cost	-20.8
•Sales commission	-3.3
•Sales equipment cost	-3.0
Depreciation	+4.6
•Impact on the health food business	-117.2
• Extraordinary income/losses	-10.3
• Income taxes	-19.8

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Operating income change factors (vs. ly)



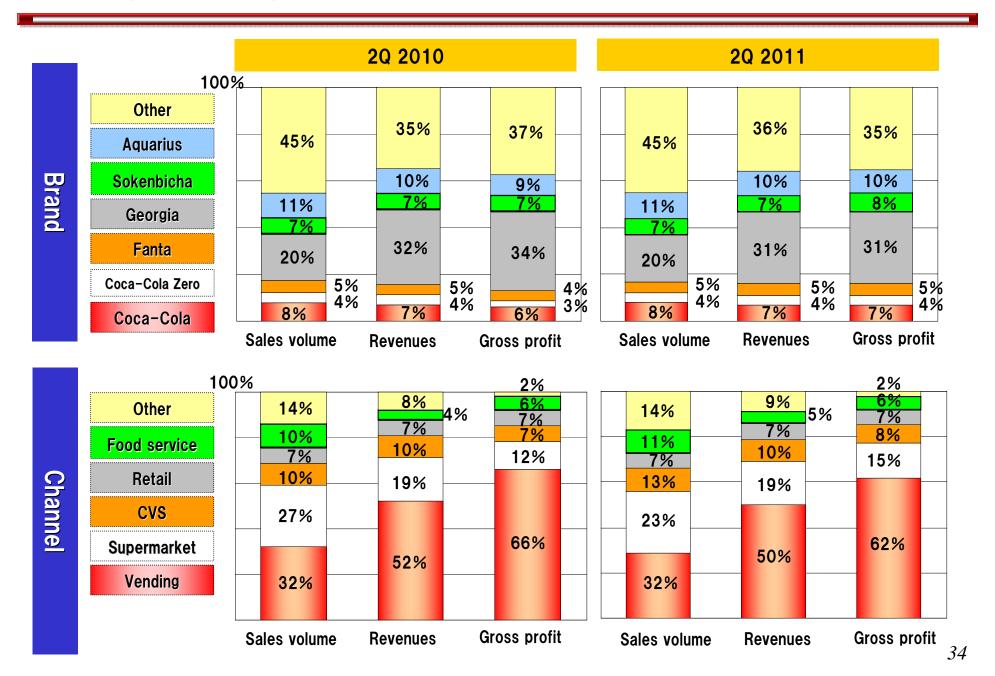
# **OTC Market share (exclude VM)**



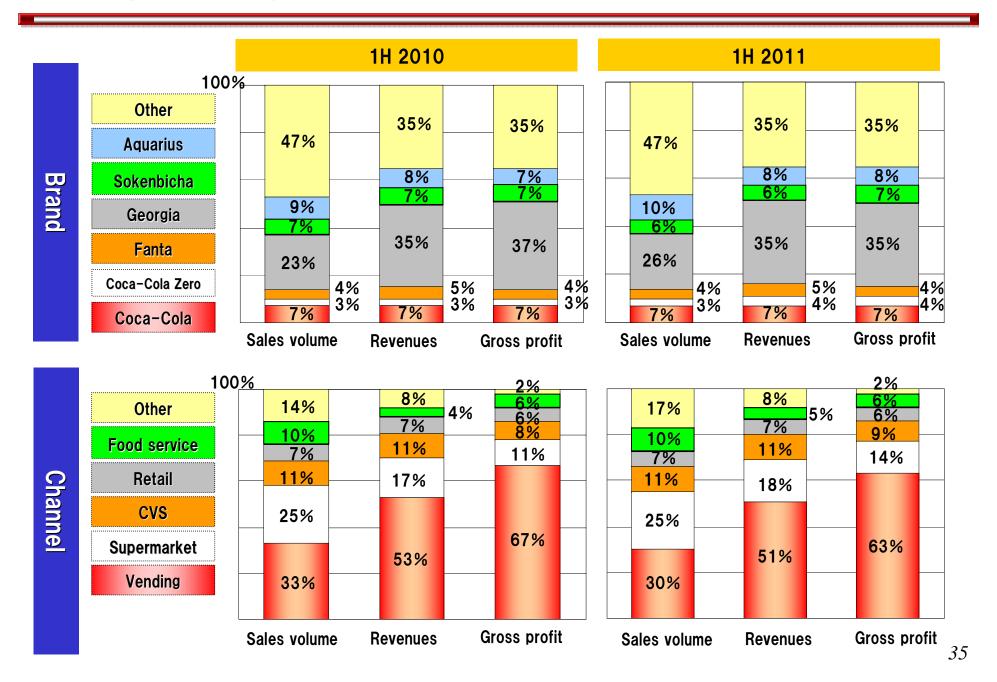
\* The numbers outside the graph are vs. last year

(Source: Intage)

# 2Q - By brand/by channel Volume/Revenues/Gross Profit



# 1H - By brand/by channel Volume/Revenues/Gross Profit



# 2Q (Apl-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by package

(thousand case, %)

		2Q 2011	VS. Į	olan	vs. las	t year
		actual	change	%	change	%
	~ 1,020ml	10,019	-1,377	-12.1	+207	+2.1
PET	1,021ml ~	8,782	+123	+1.4	-233	-2.6
	subtotal	18,801	-1,254	-6.3	-27	-0.1
Can	(include bottle can)	14,628	+200	+1.4	+463	+3.3
	Other	3,317	-533	-13.8	-488	-12.8
	Syrup, powder	10,582	+1,403	+15.3	+1,282	+13.8
	Total	47,328	-184	-0.4	+1,232	+2.7

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by Brand

### (thousand cases, %)

		1H 2011	vs. p	vs. plan		vs. last year	
		actual	change	%	change	%	
	Coca-Cola	6,423	-95	-1.5	+269	+4.4	
	Coca-Cola Zero	3,000	-90	-2.9	+198	+7.1	
С	Fanta	3,746	-74	-1.9	+30	+0.8	
0	Georgia	19,373	-503	-2.5	+156	+0.8	
r e	Sokenbicha	5,485	-288	-5.0	+40	+0.7	
	Aquarius	8,281	+463	+5.9	+849	+11.4	
8	I LOHAS	3,071	+652	+27.0	+982	+47.0	
	Ayataka	3,135	+550	+21.3	+1,332	+73.9	
	subtotal	52,514	+616	+1.2	+3,857	+7.9	
Oth	ner	33,262	-1,135	-3.3	-1,330	-3.8	
	Total	85,776	-520	-0.6	+2,527	+3.0	

## 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by Channel

(thousand cases, %)

	1H 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Supermarket **1	21,445	-396	-1.8	+603	+2.9
cvs	9,362	+44	+0.5	+464	+5.2
Chain store	30,807	-353	-1.1	+1,066	+3.6
Vending <sup>*2</sup>	25,925	-876	-3.3	-1,575	-5.7
Retail	6,015	+169	+2.9	+135	+2.3
Food service	8,788	+96	+1.1	+244	+2.9
Other	14,242	+444	+3.2	+2,657	+22.9
Total	85,776	-520	-0.6	+2,527	+3.0

[Ref: In case of removing the impact of business model change]

Vending	25,925	+744	+3.0	+125	+0.5
Other	14,242	-1,176	-7.6	+957	+7.2

**<sup>%1</sup>** Supermarket includes drug store, discount store and home center.

<sup>\*2</sup> Sales volume of vending decreased due to changing sales structure. In case of removing the impact (plan: 1,620 cases, last year actual 1,700 cases), the sales increased and achieved the target.

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by package

(thousand case, %)

		1H 2011	VS. J	olan	vs. las	t year
		actual	change	%	change	%
	~ 1,020ml	18,580	-1,206	-6.1	+1,119	+6.4
PET	1,021ml ~	14,960	+437	+3.0	+148	+1.0
	subtotal	33,541	-770	-2.2	+1,267	+3.9
Can	(include bottle can)	26,997	-93	-0.3	+383	+1.4
	Other	5,722	-1,289	-18.4	-962	-14.4
	Syrup, powder	19,517	+1,632	+9.1	+1,839	+10.4
	Total	85,776	-520	-0.6	+2,527	+3.0

# 2Q (Arl-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by channel/package

				(thous	and cases, %)
■Chain store	2Q 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	7,972	-10	-0.1	-219	-2.7
Small PET ( ~1,020ml)	4,830	-761	-13.6	-1	-0.0
Can	3,864	-153	-3.8	+187	+5.1
Other	504	+142	+39.4	+103	+25.6
Total	17,169	-783	-4.4	+70	+0.4
				(thous	and cases, %)
■Vending	2Q 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	85	+41	+92.7	-35	-29.3
Small PET ( ~1,020ml)	3,795	-666	-14.9	+142	+3.9
Can	8,684	+444	+5.4	-161	-1.8
Other	605	-484	-44.5	+254	+72.4
Syrup, powder	590	-26	-4.2	-1,130	-65.7
Total	13,759	-691	-4.8	-930	-6.3
				(thous	and cases, %)
■Retail / Food service	2Q 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml∼)	723	+91	+14.5	+21	+3.0
Small PET ( ~1,020ml)	1,250	+24	+2.0	+27	+2.2
Can	957	+14	+1.5	+17	+1.8
Other	571	-144	-20.2	-101	-15.1
Syrup, powder	4,703	+242	+5.4	+281	+6.4
Total	8,205	+228	+2.9	+245	+3.1

# 1H (Jan-Jun) 2011 - Sales volume by channel/package

				(thous	and cases, %)
■Chain store	1H 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	13,704	+233	+1.7	+117	+0.9
Small PET (~1,020ml)	9,242	-701	-7.1	+458	+5.2
Can	7,112	-141	-1.9	+290	+4.3
Other	749	+257	+52.1	+201	+36.7
Total	30,807	-353	-1.1	+1,066	+3.6
				(thous	and cases, %)
<b>■</b> Vending	1H 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	108	+59	+122.5	-29	-21.4
Small PET (~1,020ml)	6,888	-598	-8.0	+507	+8.0
Can	16,399	+120	+0.7	-531	-3.1
Other	1,061	-554	-34.3	+485	+84.2
Syrup, powder	1,469	+96	+7.0	-2,007	-57.7
Total	25,925	-876	-3.3	-1,575	-5.7
				(thous	and cases, %)
■Retail / Food service	1H 2011	vs. p	lan	vs. last	year
	actual	change	%	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	1,145	+141	+14.1	+60	+5.6
Small PET (~1,020ml)	2,236	+97	+4.5	+117	+5.5
Can	1,694	-54	-3.1	-81	-4.6
Other	997	-296	-22.9	-196	-16.4
Syrup, powder	8,730	+377	+4.5	+479	+5.8
Total	14,802	+265	+1.8	+379	+2.6

# 2H (Jul-Dec) 2011 Plan - Sales volume by package

(thousand case, %)

		2H 2011	vs. plan		
		plan	change	%	
	~ 1,020ml	25,560	+1,502	+6.2	
PET	1,021ml ~	19,696	-614	-3.0	
	subtotal	45,256	+888	+2.0	
Can		27,650	-670	-2.4	
Other		8,828	+873	+11.0	
Syrup, powder		19,050	-979	-4.9	
	Total	100,783	+112	+0.1	

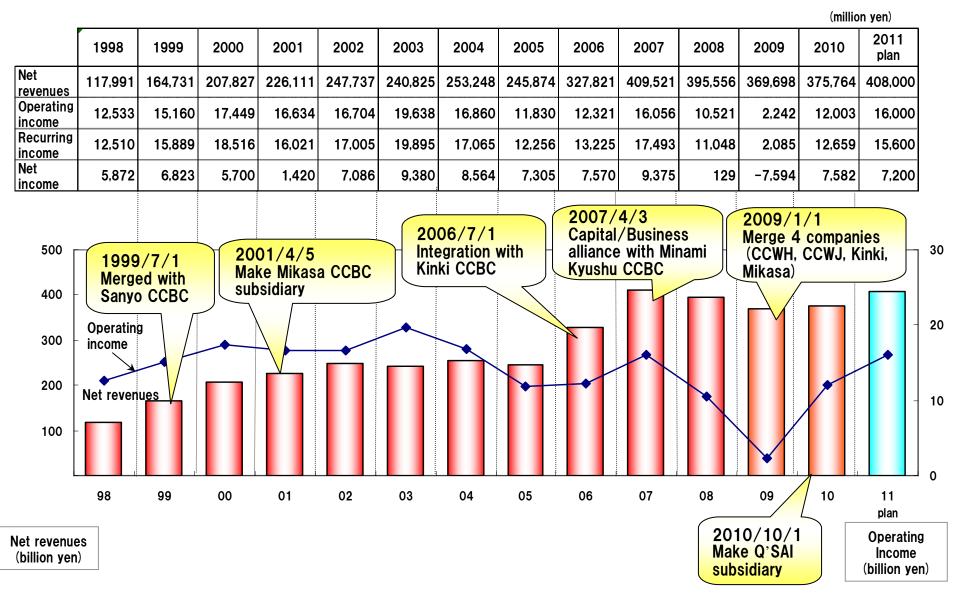
# 2H (Jul-Dec) 2011 Plan - Sales volume by channel/package

(thousand cases,			sand cases, %)
■Chain store	2H 2011	vs. last year	
	plan	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	18,318	-598	-3.2
Small PET (~1,020ml)	12,747	+1,031	+8.8
Can	7,027	-206	-2.9
Other	696	-193	-21.7
Total	38,788	+33	+0.1
	_	4	

(thousand cases,				
<b>■</b> Vending	2H 2011	vs. last	year	
	plan	change	%	
Large PET (1,021ml~)	40	-43	-51.6	
Small PET ( ~1,020ml)	9,786	+599	+6.5	
Can	16,266	-1,233	-7.0	
Other	2,215	+1,304	+143.2	
Syrup, powder	480	-2,158	-81.8	
Total	28,787	-1,530	-5.0	

	(thousand cases, %)		
■Retail / Food service	2H 2011	vs. last	year
	plan	change	%
Large PET (1,021ml~)	1,338	+31	+2.4
Small PET (~1,020ml)	2,835	-49	-1.7
Can	1,982	+170	+9.4
Other	1,474	+74	+5.3
Syrup, powder	9,687	-153	-1.6
Total	17,316	+73	+0.4

## Performance trend

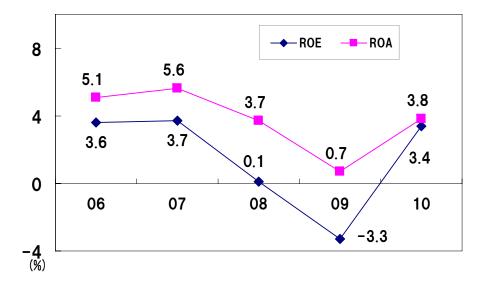


## **Financial Data**

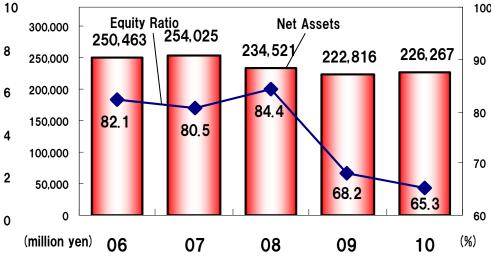
### <Operating Income/Operating Income Ratio>

#### 20,000 16,056 **Operating** income 15,000 12,321 12,003 10,521 **Operating** 10,000 income ratio 3.2 3.9 3.8 5,000 2,242 2.7 0.6 (million yen) 06 07 08 09 10 (%)

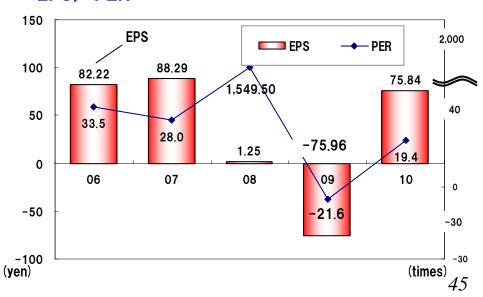
### <ROA/ROE>



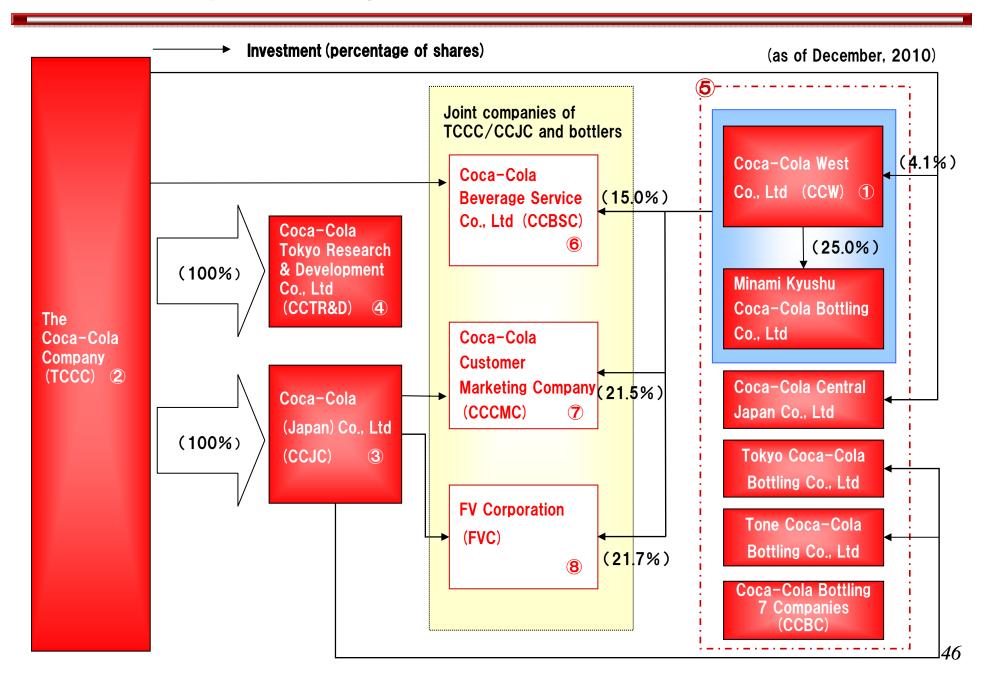
### <Net Assets / Equity Ratio>



### <EPS/PER>



## Coca-Cola System in Japan



## Coca-Cola Related Companies and Their Roles

#### 1. Coca-Cola West Co., Ltd. (CCW)

In 2006, CCWJ and Kinki CCBC merged the management of both companies by establishing a joint holding company CCWH. In 2009, CCWH, CCWJ, Kinki CCBC and Mikasa CCBC merged and the trade name changed to Coca-Cola West Co., Ltd.

### 2. The Coca-Cola Company (TCCC)

Established 1919 in Atlanta, Georgia. Carries the rights to grant a license to manufacture and sell Coca-Cola products to the bottlers. TCCC (or its subsidiary) makes franchise agreements with the bottlers.

### 3. Coca-Cola (Japan) Co., Ltd. (CCJC)

Established 1957 in Tokyo, as "Nihon Inryo Kogyo K.K.," a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. The company name was changed in 1958 to Coca-Cola (Japan) Company, Limited. CCJC is responsible for marketing planning as well as manufacturing and distribution of concentrate in Japan.

# 4. Coca-Cola Tokyo Research & Development Co., Ltd. (CCTR&D)

Established in January 1993 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. Since January 1995, carries out product development and technical support to respond to the needs of the Asian region.

#### 5. Coca-Cola bottlers (CCBCs)

There are 12 bottlers in Japan, which are responsible for selling Coca-Cola products in the respective territories.

#### 6. Coca-Cola Business Service Co., Ltd. (CCBSC)

Established through joint investment by TCCC and its bottling partners in Japan, in June 1999. It is charged with providing business consulting services to the Coca-Cola system in Japan, as well as developing and generally maintaining the information systems to support such work. The company procures raw materials.

### 7. Coca-Cola Customer Marketing Company (CCCMC)

Established through joint investment by Coca-Cola (Japan) Co., Ltd. and all of its bottling partners in Japan, and the company began operations on January 1, 2007. It is charged with holding business negotiations with major retailer outlets, such as nationwide convenience stores and supermarket chains, as well as developing proposals for sales promotions and storefront activities.

#### 8. FV Corporation Co., Ltd. (FVC)

Jointly established in May 2001 by CCBCs and CCJC. FVC carries out sales negotiations with national chain vending operators, and deals with non-KO products as well as KO products.

# **Glossary**

Term	Explanation
Channel (Business unit)	
Vending	Retail sale business to distribute products through vending machines to consumers
Chain store	Wholesale business for supermarket chain
Convenience Store (CVS)	Wholesale business for convenience store chains
Retail	Wholesale business for grocery stores, liquor shops, and other over-the-counter outlets
Food Service	Syrup sale business for restaurants, movie theaters, sports areas and theme parks
Vending	
Regular vending machine	A vending machine offered free of charge to a customer who supervises its operation and uses it to sell products purchased from us
Full service vending machine	A vending machine installed and managed directly by us
Out-market vendhing machine	An outdoor machine whose users are relatively unspecific
In-market vending machine	An indoor machine whose users are relatively specific
VPM	Volume Per Machine
VPPM	Volume and Profit Per Machine
Chain store	
National chain	National chain supermarket that CCCMC are responsible for negotiating
Regional chain	Chain supermarket that owns its stores in the two or more bottlers' territories
Local chain	Chain supermarket that owns its stores in the single bottler's territory
Other	
Trade marketing	Trade marketing is a specific function that uses shopper and retail knowledge to develop in-store strategies that ultimately result in higher brand equity and an increase in the quantity and value of shopper purchases
OBPPC	Occasion, Brand, Package, Price, Channel
PicOS	Picture Of Success
HORECA	Hotel, Restaurant, Café, etc

## Forward-Looking Statement

The plans, performance forecasts, and strategies appearing in this material are based on the judgment of the management in view of data obtained as of the date this material was released. Please note that these forecasts may differ materially from actual performance due to risks and uncertain factors such as those listed below.

- Intensification of market price competition
- Change in economic trends affecting business climate
- Major fluctuations in capital markets
- Uncertain factors other than those above